

FIG. 1

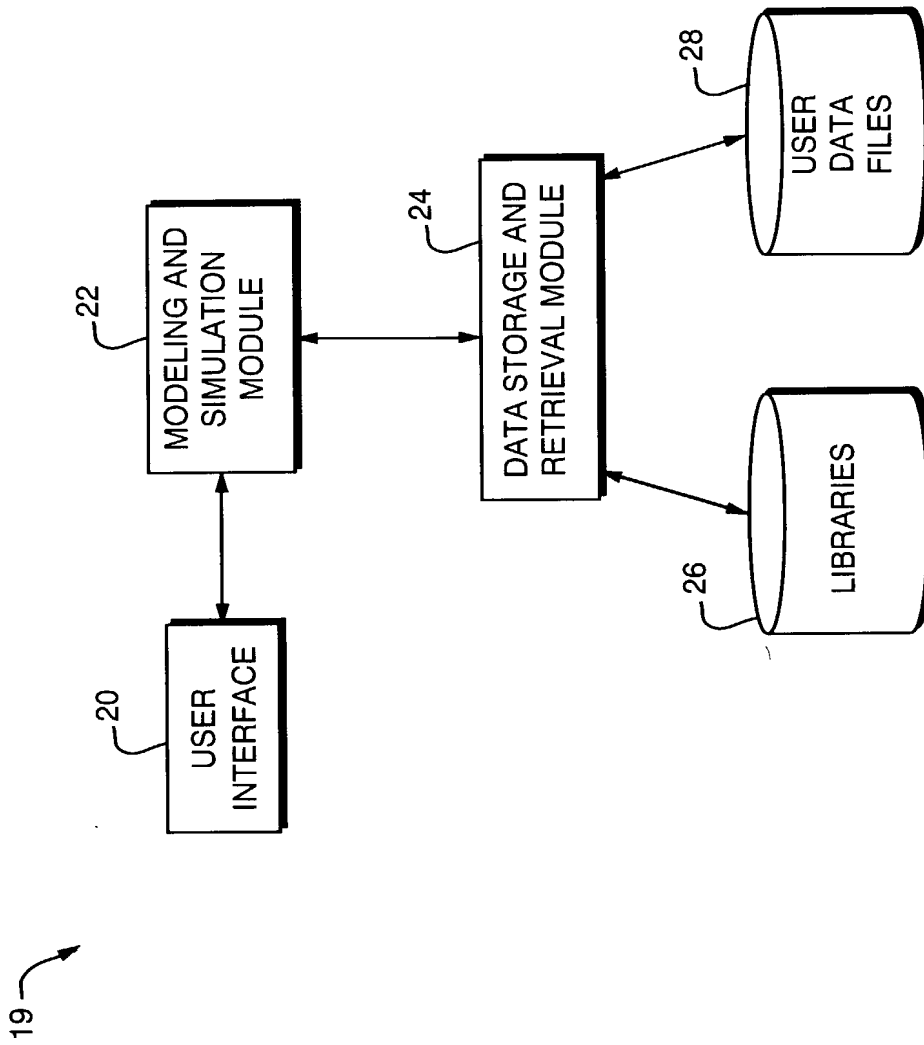


FIG. 2

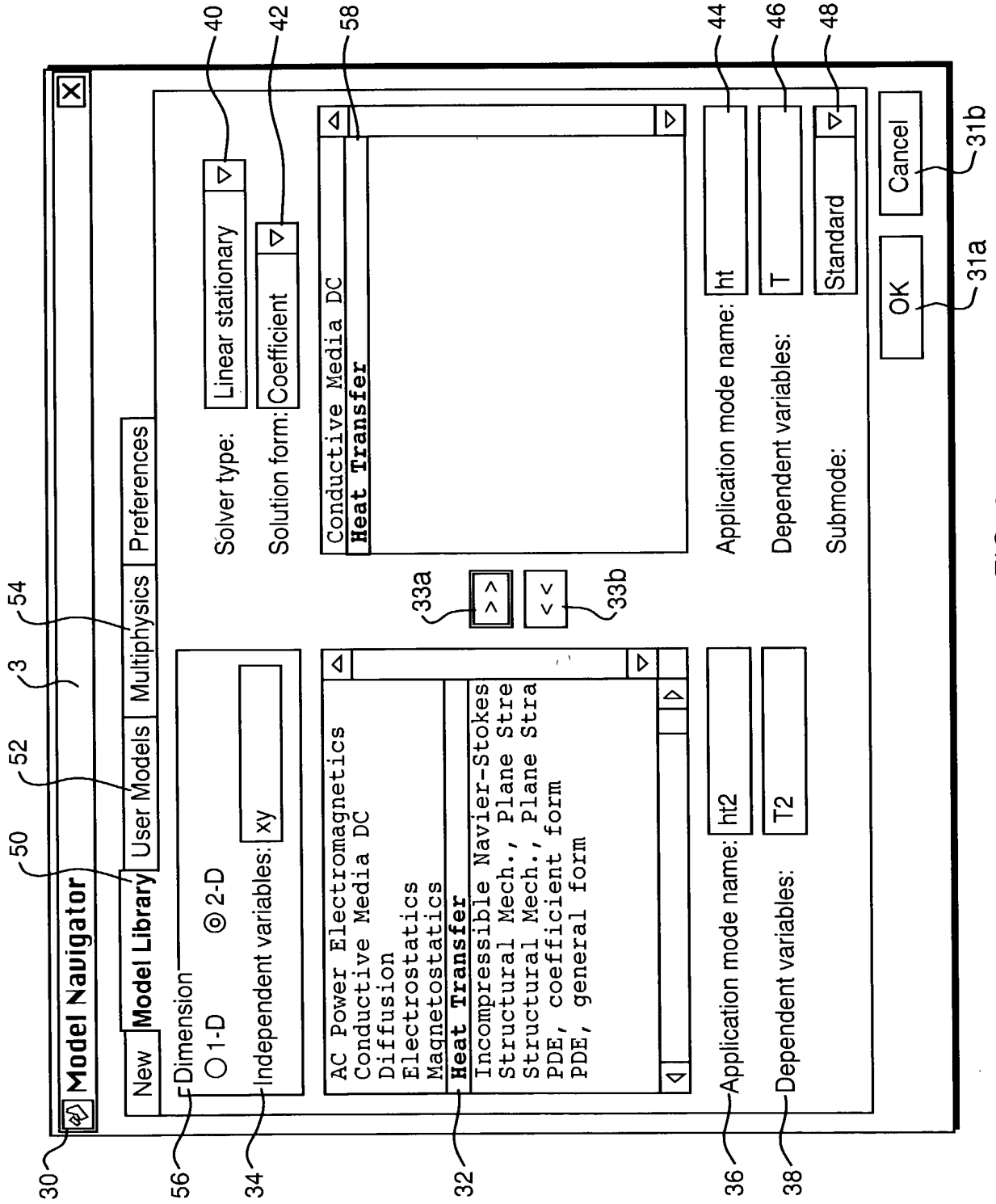


FIG. 3

<

70

Boundary Conditions/ht

Equation: $T = T_0$

Subdomain selection

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

△

▽

Name: 1

☒ Enable borders

PDE coefficients

☒ Unlock

Quantity	Value	Description
<input type="radio"/> q	0	Heat flux
<input type="radio"/> h	0	Heat transfer coefficient
<input type="radio"/> T inf	0	External temperature
<input type="radio"/> C	0	Problem-dependent constant
<input type="radio"/> T amb	0	Ambient temperature
<input type="radio"/> n·[k·gradT]=0		Insulation/symmetry
<input checked="" type="radio"/> T ·	300	Temperature
<input type="radio"/> T=0		Zero temperature

☒ On top

OK

Cancel

Apply

72

72b

72a

74a

74

FIG. 5

80

Boundary Conditions/Coefficient View

Equation: $n \cdot [c \nabla u + \alpha u \cdot \gamma] + q \cdot u = g \cdot h \cdot \lambda$; $h \cdot u = r$

$\{82a\}$ $\{82b\}$ $\{82c\}$ $\{82d\}$

$\{84a\}$ $\{84b\}$ $\{84c\}$

q

g

h

r

Boundary selection

1

2

3

4

Name:

q coefficient

u

1

0

0

v

0

1

0

T

0

0

0

ps

ps

ht

☒ On top

OK

Cancel

Apply

94

92a

92b

92c

FIG. 6

7/86

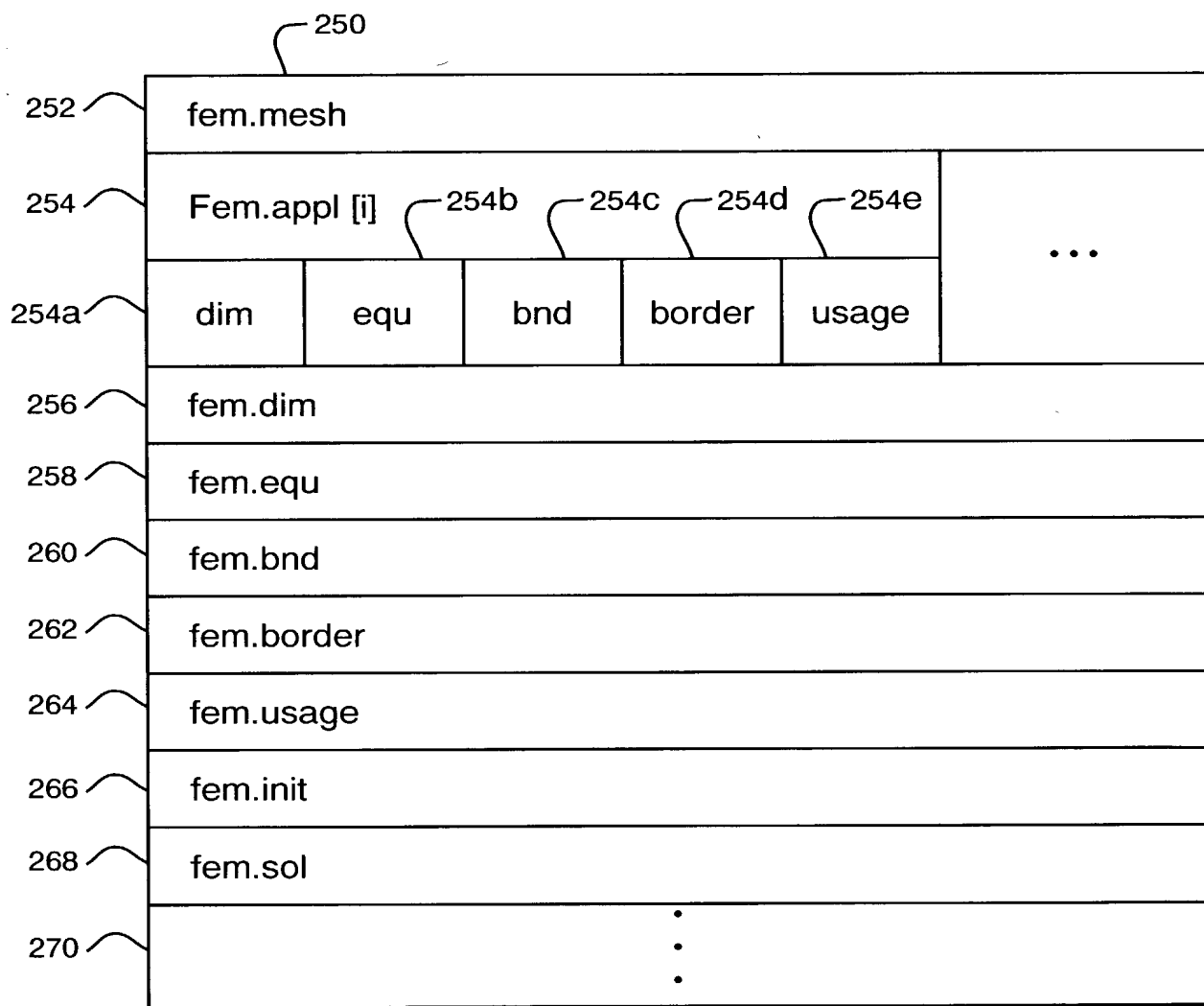


FIG. 6A

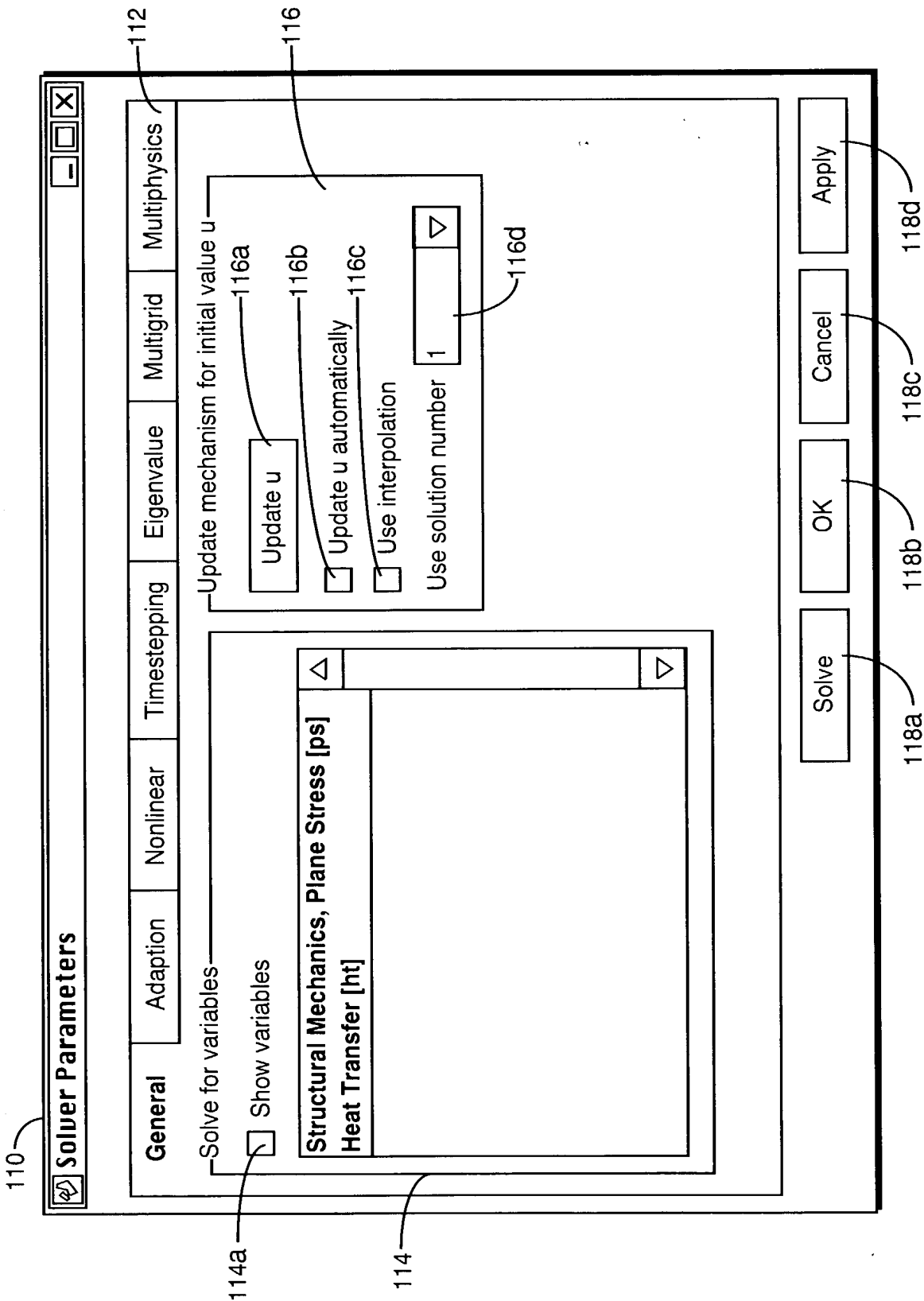


FIG. 7

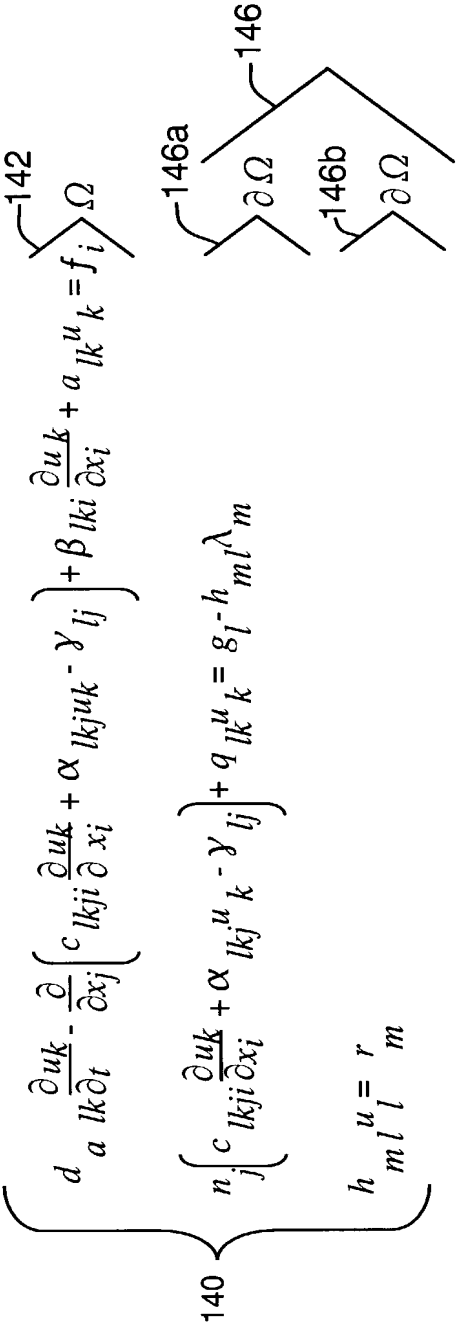


FIG. 8

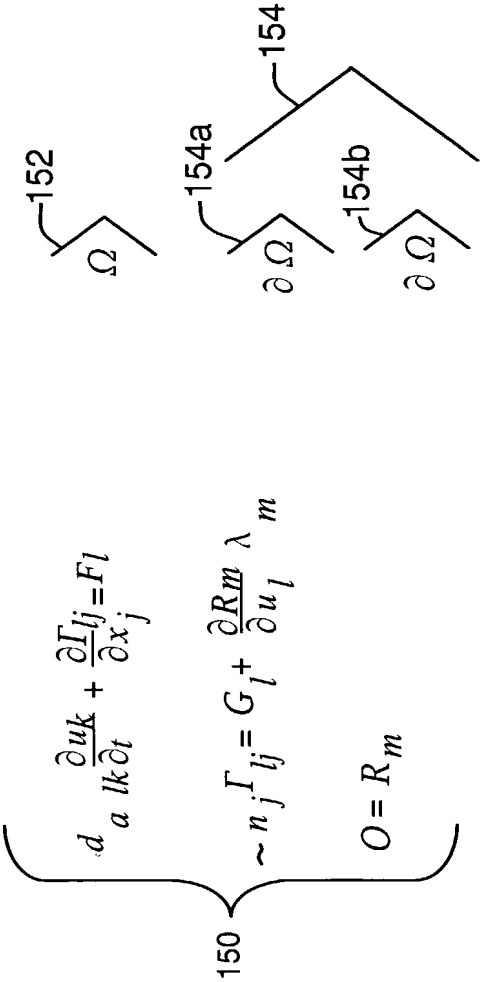


FIG. 9



$$\gamma_{lj} = \Gamma_{lj}$$
$$c_{lkji} = - \frac{\partial \Gamma_{lj}}{\partial \left(\frac{\partial m_k}{\partial x_i} \right)}$$
$$\beta_{lki} = - \frac{\partial F_l}{\partial \left(\frac{\partial m_k}{\partial x_i} \right)}$$
$$g_l = G_l$$
$$q_{lk} = - \frac{\partial G_l}{\partial u_k}$$

$$f_l = F_l$$
$$\alpha_{lkj} = - \frac{\partial \Gamma_{lj}}{\partial u_k}$$
$$a_{lk} = - \frac{\partial F_l}{\partial u_k}$$
$$r_l = R_l$$
$$h_{lk} = - \frac{\partial R_l}{\partial u_k}$$

324

FIG. 10

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \Gamma_{lj} = -c_{lkji} \frac{\partial u_k}{\partial x_l} - \alpha_{lkj} u_k + \gamma_{lj} \\ F_l = f_l - \beta_{lki} \frac{\partial u_k}{\partial x_i} - a_{lk} u_k \\ G_l = g_l - q_{lk} u_k \\ R_m = r_m - h_{ml} u_l \end{array} \right.$$

240

FIG. 11

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \int_{\Omega} \left(c_{lkji} \frac{\partial u_k}{\partial x_i} + \alpha_{lkj} u_k \right) \frac{\partial v}{\partial x_j} + \left(d_{alk} \frac{\partial u_k}{\partial l} + \beta_{lki} \frac{\partial u_k}{\partial x_i} + a_{lk} u_k + v \right) dx + \\ \int_{\partial\Omega} q_{lk} u_k v ds = \int_{\Omega} \left(\gamma_{ij} \frac{\partial v}{\partial x_j} + f_l v \right) dx + \int_{\partial\Omega} (g_l^{-h} h_{ml} \lambda_m) v ds \\ \int_{\partial\Omega} \mu_{mk} u_k ds = \int_{\partial\Omega} \mu r_m ds \end{array} \right.$$

FIG. 12

$$302 \left\{ \int_{\Omega} \left[I_{ij} \frac{\partial v}{\partial x_j} + F_{iv} - d_{alk} \frac{\partial u_k}{\partial t} v \right] dx + \int_{\partial \Omega} \left[G_l + \frac{\partial R_m}{\partial u_l} \lambda_m \right] v ds = 0 \right. \\ \left. \int_{\partial \Omega} R_m \mu ds = 0 \right.$$

FIG. 13

$$\left. \begin{aligned} U_k(x) &= \sum_{I=1}^{Np} U_{I,k} \Phi_I(x); \\ \Lambda_m(x) &= \sum_{k=1}^{Nc} \sum_{L=1}^n \Lambda_{K,L,m} \Psi_{K,L}(x) \end{aligned} \right\} \quad 304$$

FIG. 14

$$\left\{ \begin{aligned} & \int_t \left(c_{lkji} U_{I,k} \frac{\partial \Phi_I}{\partial x_i} + \alpha_{lkj} U_{I,k} \Phi_I \right) \frac{\partial \Phi_J}{\partial x_j} dx + \\ & \int_t \left(d_{a_{lk} \frac{\partial U_{I,k}}{\partial l} \Phi_I + \beta_{lki} U_{I,k} \frac{\partial \Phi_I}{\partial x_i} + a_{lk} U_{I,k} \Phi_I \right) \Phi_J dx + \\ & \int_{\partial t} q_{lk} U_{I,k} \Phi_I \Phi_J ds = \int_t \left(\gamma_{lj} \frac{\partial \Phi_J}{\partial x_j} + f_l \Phi_J \right) dx + \\ & \int_{\partial t} (g_l h_{ml} \Psi_{K,L,m} \Psi_{K,L}) \Phi_J ds \end{aligned} \right\} \quad 306$$

FIG. 15

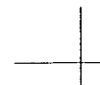
$$308 \left\{ \int_{\partial t}^h U_{mk} \Phi_{I,k} \Psi_{K,L} ds = \int_m \Psi_{K,L} ds \right.$$

FIG. 16

17/86

$$\left. \begin{aligned} & \int_t \left(I_{ij} \frac{\partial \Phi_j}{\partial x_j} + F_l \Phi_j - d_{alk} \frac{\partial u_k}{\partial t} \Phi_j \right) dx + \int \frac{\partial}{\partial t} \left(G_l + \frac{\partial R_m}{\partial u_l} \Lambda_{K,L,m} \Psi_{K,L} \right) \Phi_j ds = 0 \\ & \int \frac{\partial}{\partial t} R_m \Psi_{K,L} ds = 0 \end{aligned} \right\} \quad 312$$

FIG. 17



18/86

310

$$DA_{(J,l),(I,k)} = \int_t d a_{lk} \Phi_I \Phi_J dx$$

$$C_{(J,l),(I,k)} = \int_t^c l_{kji} \frac{\partial \Phi_I}{\partial x_i} \frac{\partial \Phi_J}{\partial x_j} dx$$

$$AL_{(J,l),(I,k)} = \int_t \alpha_{lkj} \Phi_I \frac{\partial \Phi_J}{\partial x_j} dx$$

$$BE_{(J,l),(I,k)} = \int_t \beta_{lki} \frac{\partial \Phi_I}{\partial x_i} \Phi_J dx$$

$$A_{(J,l),(I,k)} = \int_t a_{lk} \Phi_I \Phi_J dx$$

$$Q_{(J,l),(I,k)} = \int_{\partial t} q_{lk} \Phi_I \Phi_J ds$$

$$GA_{(J,l)} = \int_t \gamma_{lj} \frac{\partial \Phi_J}{\partial x_j} dx$$

$$F_{(J,l)} = \int_t f_l \Phi_J dx$$

$$G_{(J,l)} = \int_{\partial t} g_l \Phi_J ds$$

$$H_{(K,L,m),(I,k)} = \int_{\partial t} h_{mk} \Phi_I \Psi_{K,L} ds$$

$$R_{(K,L,m)} = \int_{\partial t} r_m \Psi_{K,L} ds$$

FIG. 18

19/86

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} DA \frac{\partial U}{\partial t} + (C+AL+BE+A+Q)U + H^T \Lambda = GA+F+G \\ HU=R \end{array} \right. \quad 320$$

FIG. 19

20/86

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} DA \frac{\partial U}{\partial t} + H^T \Lambda = GA + F + G \\ R = 0 \end{array} \right\}_{322}$$

FIG. 20

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} J(U^{(k)}) \Delta U^{(k)} = -\rho(U^{(k)}) \\ U^{(k+1)} = U^{(k)} + \lambda_k \Delta U^{(k)} \end{array} \right.$$

FIG. 21

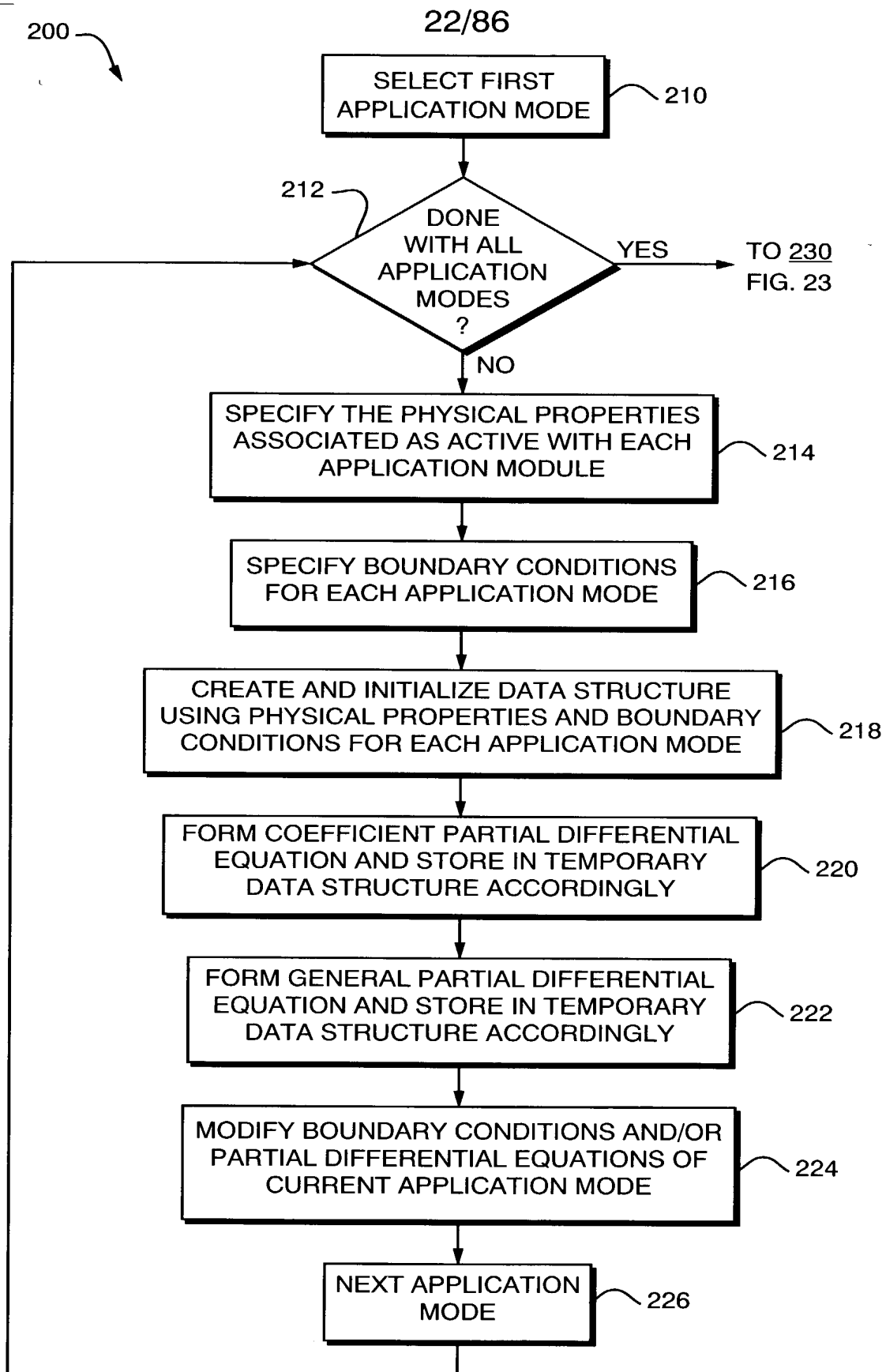


FIG. 22

23/86

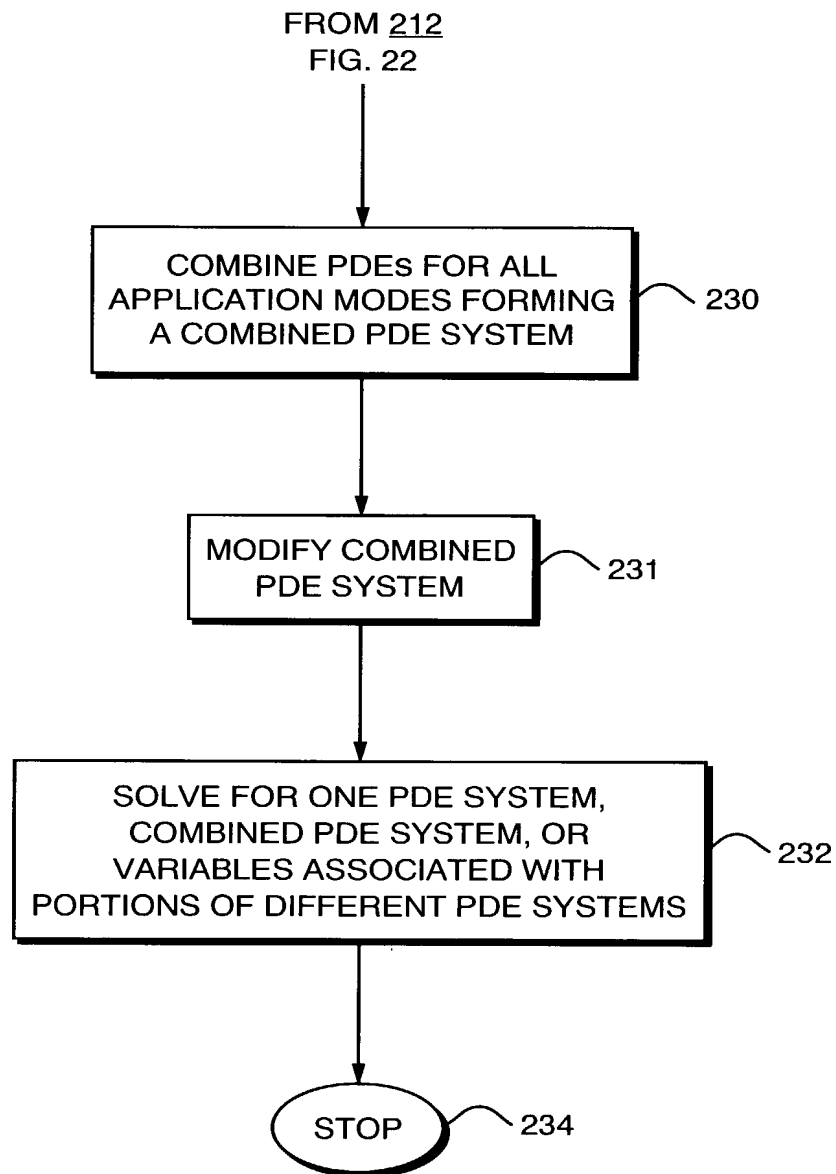


FIG. 23

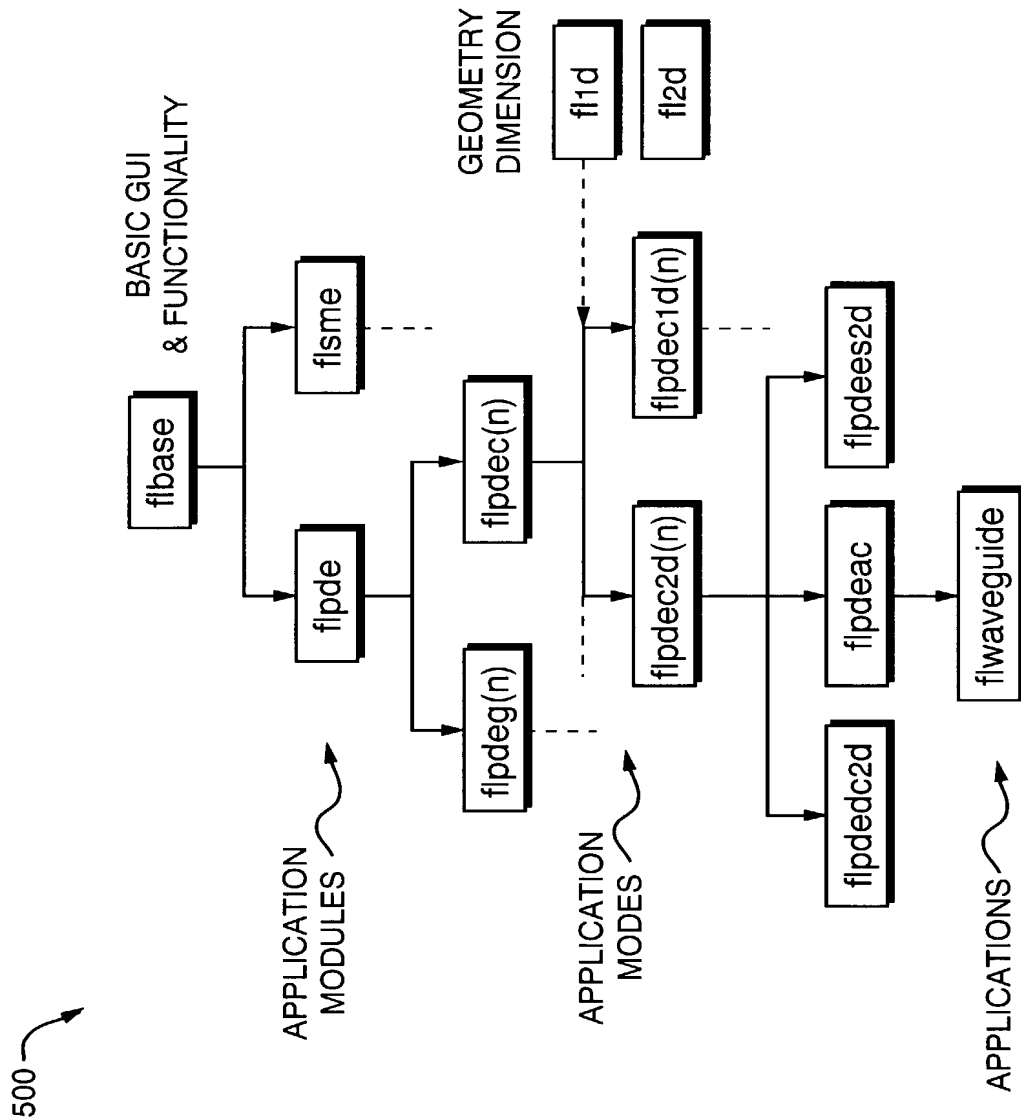


FIG. 24

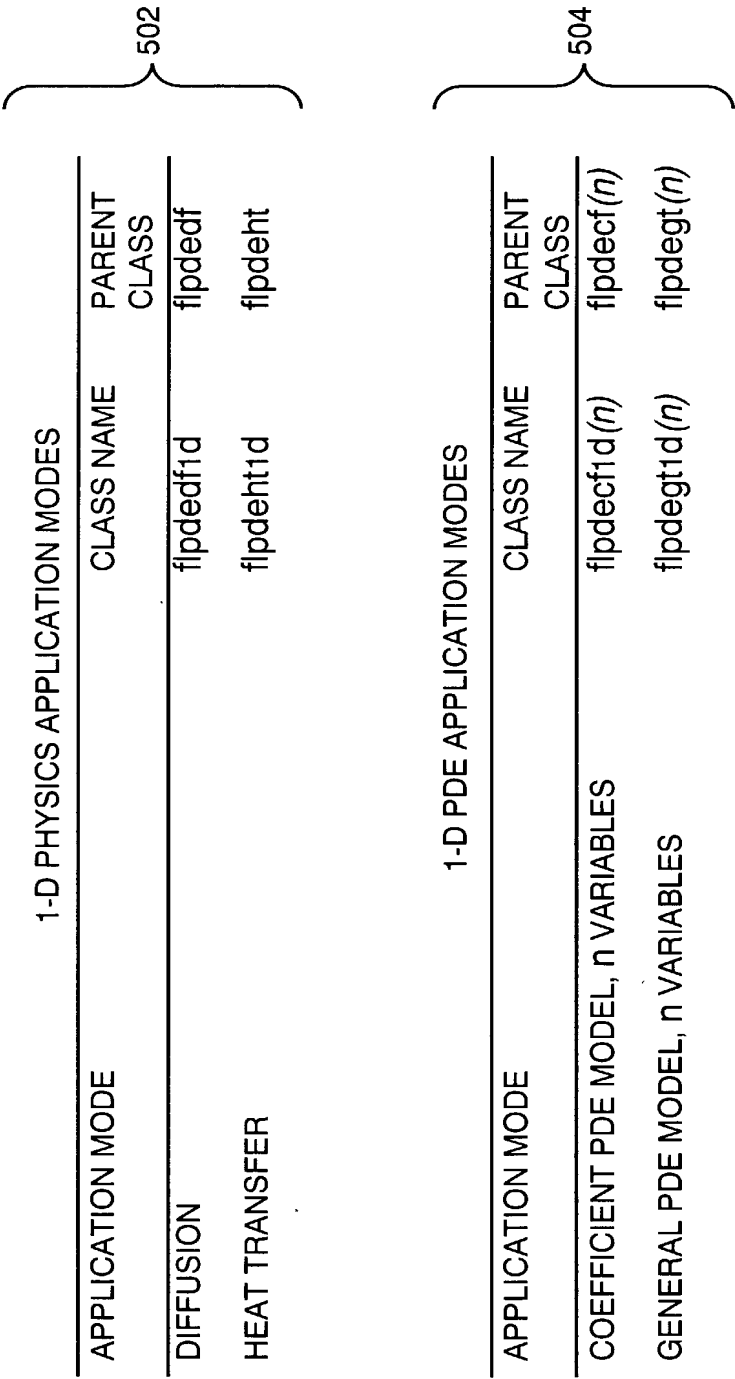


FIG. 25

2-D PHYSICS APPLICATION MODES

APPLICATION MODE	CLASS NAME	PARENT CLASS
AC POWER ELECTROMAGNETICS	flpdeac	flpdec2d
CONDUCTIVE MEDIA DC	flpdedc2d	flpdedc
DIFFUSION	flpdedf2d	flpdedf
ELECTROSTATICS	flpdees2d	flpdees
MAGNETOSTATICS	flpdems2d	flpdems
HEAT TRANSFER	flpdeht2d	flpdeht
INCOMPRESSIBLE NAVIER-STOKES	flpdens2d	flpdens
STRUCTURAL MECHANICS, PLANE STRESS	flpdeps	flpdec2d
STRUCTURAL MECHANICS, PLANE STRAIN	flpdepn	flpdec2d

506

PDE APPLICATION MODES

APPLICATION MODE	CLASS NAME	PARENT CLASS
COEFFICIENT PDE MODEL, n VARIABLES	flpdec2d(n)	flpdec(n)
GENERAL PDE MODEL, n VARIABLES	flpdeg2d(n)	flpdeg(n)

508

FIG. 26

APPLICATION OBJECT PROPERTIES		
Property name	Description	Data type
dim	Names of the dependent variables	Cell array of strings
form	PDE form	String (coefficient/general)
name	Application name	String
parent	Parent class names	String, cell array of strings, or the empty matrix
sdim	Names of the independent variables (space dimensions)	Cell array of strings
submode	Name of current submode	String (std/wave)
tdiff	Time differentiation flag	String (on/off)

510

FIG. 27

28/86

```
function obj = myapp()  
%MYAPP Constructor for a FEMLAB application object.  
  
obj.name = 'My first FEMLAB application';  
obj.parent = 'flpdeht2d';  
  
%MYAPP is a subclass of FLPDEHT2D;  
p1 = flpdeht2d;  
obj = class(obj,'myapp',p1);  
sat(obj,'dim',default_dim(obj));
```

512

FIG. 28

29/86

PHYSICS MODELING METHODS

FUNCTION	PURPOSE
appspec	Return application specifications
bnd_compute	Convert application-dependent boundary conditions to generic boundary coefficients.
default_bnd	Default boundary conditions.
default_dim	Default names of dependent variables.
default_equ	Default PDE coefficients/material parameters.
default_init	Default initial conditions.
default_sdim	Default space dimension variables.
default_var	Default application scalar variables.
dim_compute	Return dependent variables for an application
equ_compute	Convert application-dependent material parameters to generic PDE coefficients.
form_compute	Return PDE form.
init_compute	Convert application-dependent initial conditions to generic initial conditions.
posttable	Define assigned variable names and post-processing information.

FIG. 29

30/86

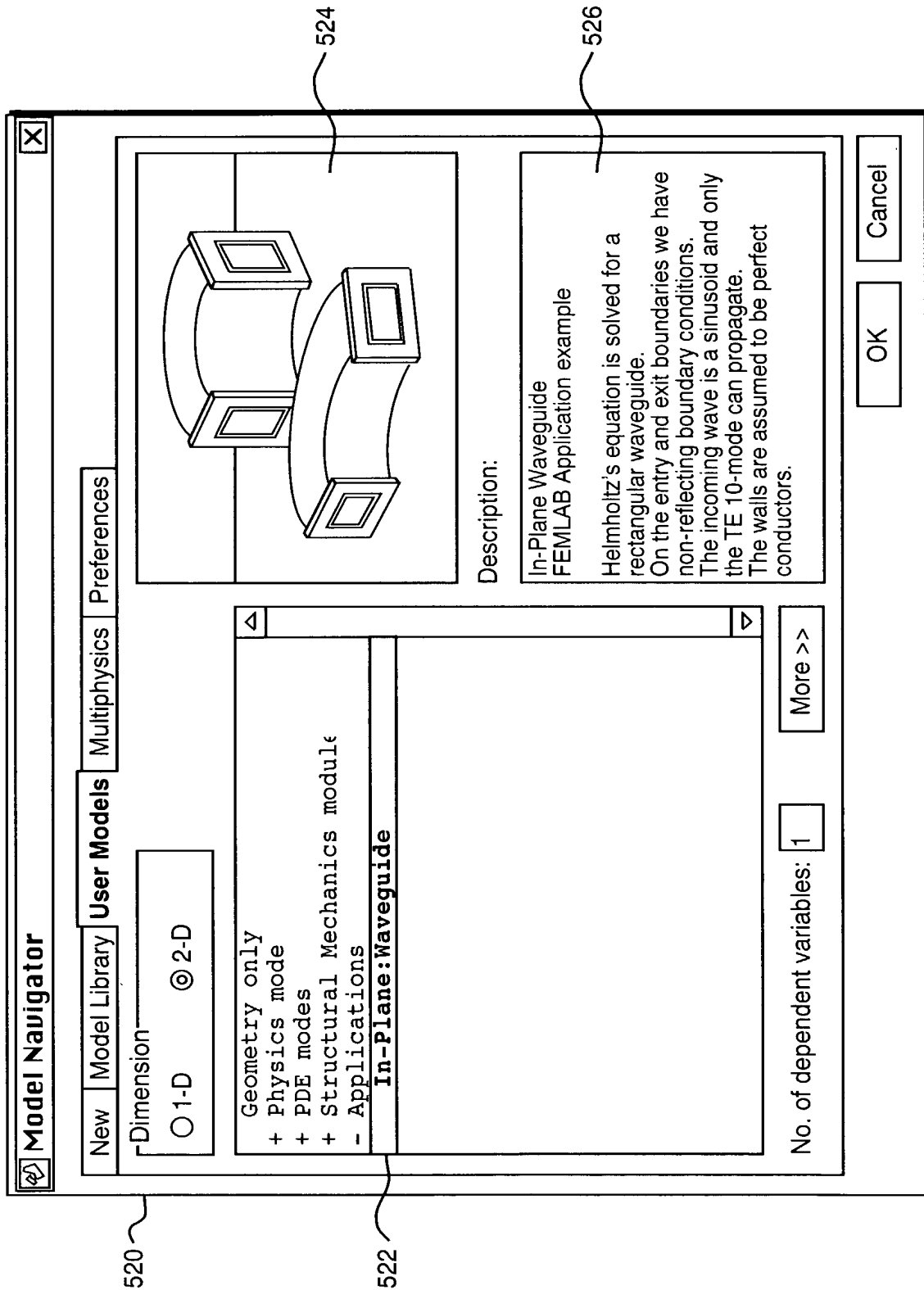


FIG. 30

FIG. 31

$$530 \left\{ \Delta E_z + (2 \pi i k)^2 E_z = 0 \right.$$

$$532 \left\{ k = \frac{1}{\lambda} = \frac{f}{c} \right.$$

$$534 \left\{ \bar{n} \cdot (\nabla E_z) + 2 \pi i k_x E_z = 4 \pi i k_x \sin \left(\frac{\pi}{d} (y - y_0) \right) \right.$$

$$536 \left\{ k^2 = k_x^2 + k_y^2 \right.$$

$$538 \left\{ k_x = \sqrt{\frac{1}{\lambda^2} - \frac{1}{(2d)^2}} \right.$$

$$540 \left\{ n \cdot (\nabla E_z) + 2 \pi i k_x E_z = 0 \right.$$

$$542 \left\{ E_z = 0 \right.$$

$$544 \left\{ f_c = \frac{c}{2d} \right.$$

32/86

```
function obj = flwaveguide(varargin)
%FLWAVEGUIDE Constructor for a Waveguide application object.

obj.name = 'In-Plane Waveguide';
obj.parent = 'flpdeac';

%FLWAVEGUIDE is a subclass of FLPDEAC:
p1 = flpdeac;
obj = class(obj,'flwaveguide',p1);
set(obj,'dim',default_dim(obj));
```

550

FIG. 32

552 {

fem user field	
field	description
geomparam	1-by-2 structure of geometry parameters.
entrybnd	Index to the entry boundary.
exitbnd	Index to the exit boundary.
freqs	Frequency vector

FIG. 33

fem user field	
field	description
startpt	Index of the lower left corner point of the waveguide.
type	Type of waveguide. ('straight or 'elbow)

554

FIG. 34

35/86

geoparam fields			
field	description	defaults for	default for
		elbow	straight
entrylength	Length of the entrance part of the waveguide.	0.1	0.1
exitlength	Length of the exit part of the waveguide.	0.1	not used
radius	Outer radius of the waveguide bend.	0.05	not used
width	Width of the waveguide.	0.025	0.025
cavityflag	Turn resonance cavity on or off.	0	0
cavitywidth	Width of the resonance cavity.	0.025	0.025
postwidth	Width of the protruding posts.	0.005	0.005
postdepth	Depth of the protruding posts.	0.005	0.005

FIG. 35

Model Navigator

NewModel LibraryUser ModelsMultiphysicsPreferences

Geometry name:

Dimension: ☐ 1-D ☐ 2-D ☒ 3-D

Independent variables:

Add

Solver type:

Solution form:

Conductive Media DC

Diffusion

Electrostatics

Magnetostatics

Heat Transfer

Incompressible Navier-Stokes

Structural Mechanics

PDE, coefficient form

PDE, general form

Weak, subdomain

Weak, boundary

Weak, edge

Weak, point

Weak, boundary constraint

<<

>>

<<

>>

Geom1: Conductive Media DC

Geom1: Heat Transfer

Application mode name:

Dependent variables:

Element:

Application mode name: ht

Dependent variables:

Submode:

OK

Cancel

FIG. 36

700

Boundary Settings/c1

Equation: $n \cdot [c \nabla u + \alpha u \cdot \gamma] + q \cdot u = g \cdot h^T \mu \cdot h \cdot u = r$

Coefficients

Weak

Domain selection

1

2

3

4

△

▽

Name: 1

☐ Select by group

☐ Enable borders

Weak complement ☒ Unlock

Term	Value	Description
weak	0	Weak term
dweak	0	Time-dep. weak term
constr	0	Constraint

☒ On top

OK

Cancel

Apply

708

FIG. 37

800

Subdomain Settings/es

Equation: $\nabla \cdot [\epsilon \nabla V - P] = p$, $E = -\nabla V$, $V = \text{electric potential}$

802

Coefficients **Init** **Element**

Domain selection

1	△
2	▽

Name:

☐ Select by group

☒ Active in this domain

Element settings ☒ Unlock

☒ Use default element:

Coefficient	Value	Description
shape	<input type="text" value="shlag[2,V']"/>	Shape function
gporder	<input type="text" value="4"/>	Integration order
cporder	<input type="text" value="2"/>	Constraints order

FIG. 38

900

FIG. 39

40/86

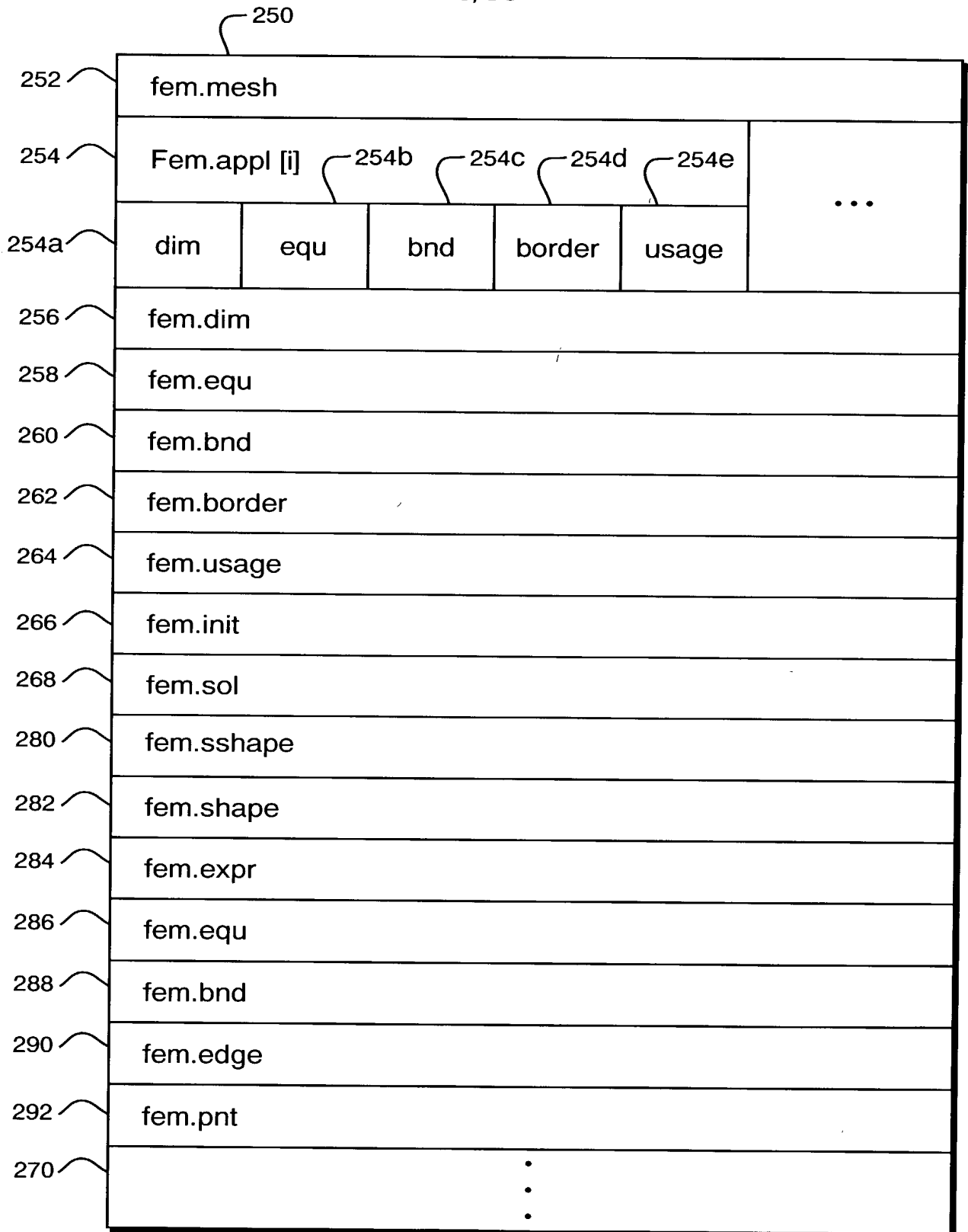


FIG. 40

$$\left. \begin{aligned} & \left. \begin{aligned} & 0 = \int_{\Omega} W^{(2)} dA + \int_B W^{(1)} ds + \sum_P W^{(0)} + \\ & + \int_{\Omega} \frac{\partial R_m^{(2)}}{\partial U_l} \mu_m^{(2)} dA + \int_B \frac{\partial R_m^{(1)}}{\partial u_l} \mu_m^{(1)} ds + \sum_P \frac{\partial R_m^{(0)}}{\partial u_l} \mu_m^{(0)} \end{aligned} \right\} 1102 \\ & \left. \left. \left. \begin{aligned} & 0 = R^{(2)} \quad \text{on } \Omega \\ & 0 = R^{(1)} \quad \text{on } B \\ & 0 = R^{(0)} \quad \text{on } P \end{aligned} \right\} 1104 \right\} 1100 \end{aligned} \right\}$$

FIG. 41

$$\left. \begin{aligned}
 W_l^{(n)} &= W_l^{(n)} + \Gamma_{lj} \frac{\partial v_l}{\partial x_j} + F_l v_l \\
 W_l^{(nt)} &= W_l^{(nt)} + d_{alk} \frac{\partial u_k}{\partial t} v_l \\
 W_l^{(n-l)} &= W_l^{(n-l)} + G_{pl} \\
 R_m^{(n)} &= R_m
 \end{aligned} \right\} 1200$$

FIG. 42

1300

Point Settings/c1

Domain selection

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

△

▽

Name: 1

☐ Select by group

Weak complement ☒ Unlock

Term

Value

Description

weak

0

Weak term

dweak

0

Time-dep. weak term

constr

0

Constraint

☒ On top


OK

Cancel

Apply

FIG. 43

1400 →

 **Edge Settings / c1**

Domain selection

1	△
2	
3	
4	
5	
6	
7	
8	▽

Name:

☐ Select by group

Weak complement ☒ Unlock

Term	Value	Description
weak	<input type="text" value="0"/>	Weak term
dweak	<input type="text" value="0"/>	Time-dep. weak term
constr	<input type="text" value="0"/>	Constraint

☒ On top

FIG. 44

1500

1500a

Coupling Variable Settings

Variables **Source** **Destination**

Name: Type: Defined from → Available in:

Name	Type	Defined from	Available in
c1	scalar	Geom1:sub	→ Geom2:bnd
c2	extr	Geom1:bnd	→ Geom1:pnt

1502 Variable name: c2

1504 Variable type: extrusion

1506 Add

1508 Delete

☒ On top OK Cancel Apply

FIG. 45A

N

FIG. 45B

1500

1500C

Coupling Variable Settings

Variables

Source

Destination

Variable: c2

Domain selection

Geometry:

Geom1

Level:

point

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

△

▽

☐ Select by group

Definition ☒ Copy loop

☐ Active in this domain

Evaluation point transformation:

x

y

z

☒ On top

OK

Cancel

Apply

47/86

1512a

1512b

1512c

x

y

z

FIG. 45C

10042936 . 040802

1600

1600a

Expression Variable Settings

Variables

Definition

Name:	Type:	Defined in:
em s	subdomain	Geom1:sub
we	geometry	Geom2

Variable name: we

Variable type: geometry

Add

Delete

☒ On top

OK

Cancel

Apply

1602

1604

FIG. 46

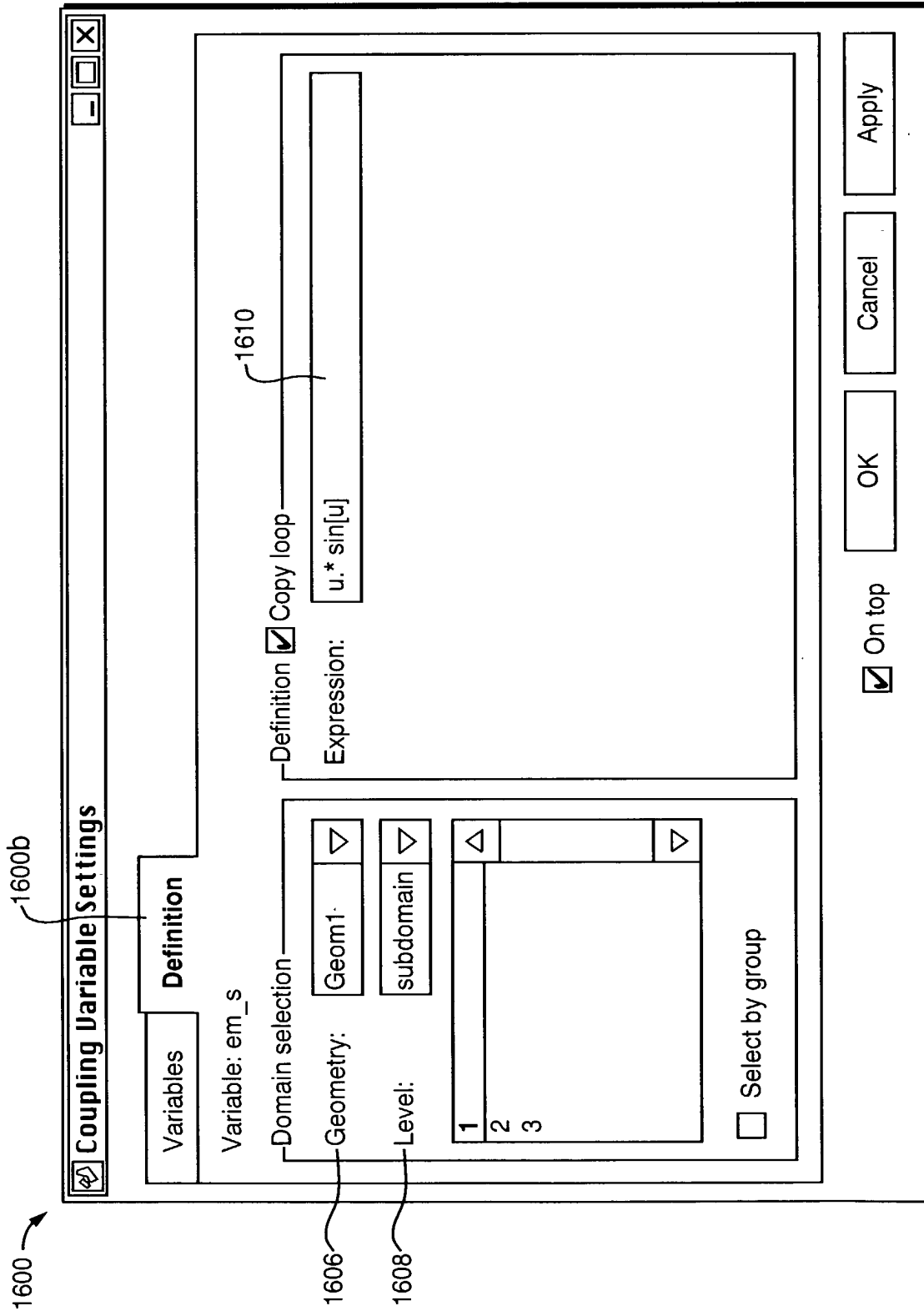


FIG. 47

50/86

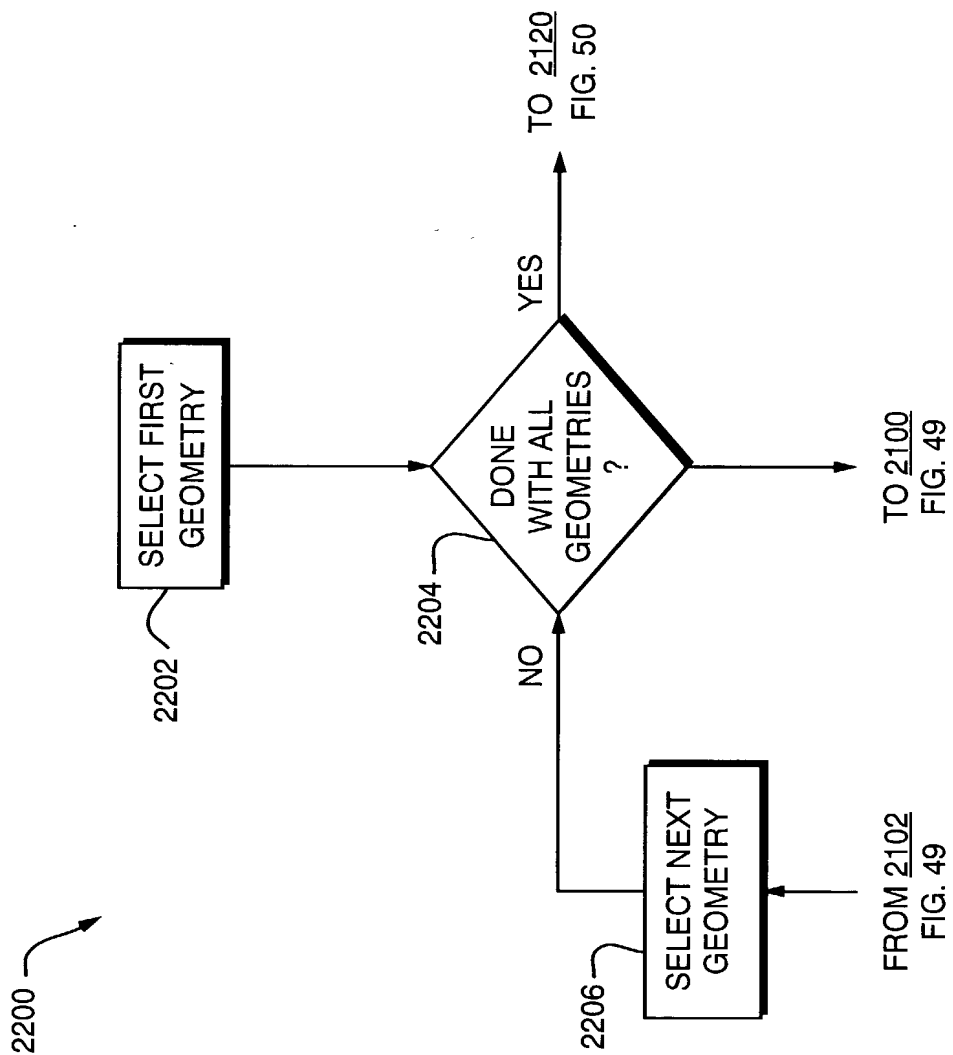


FIG. 48

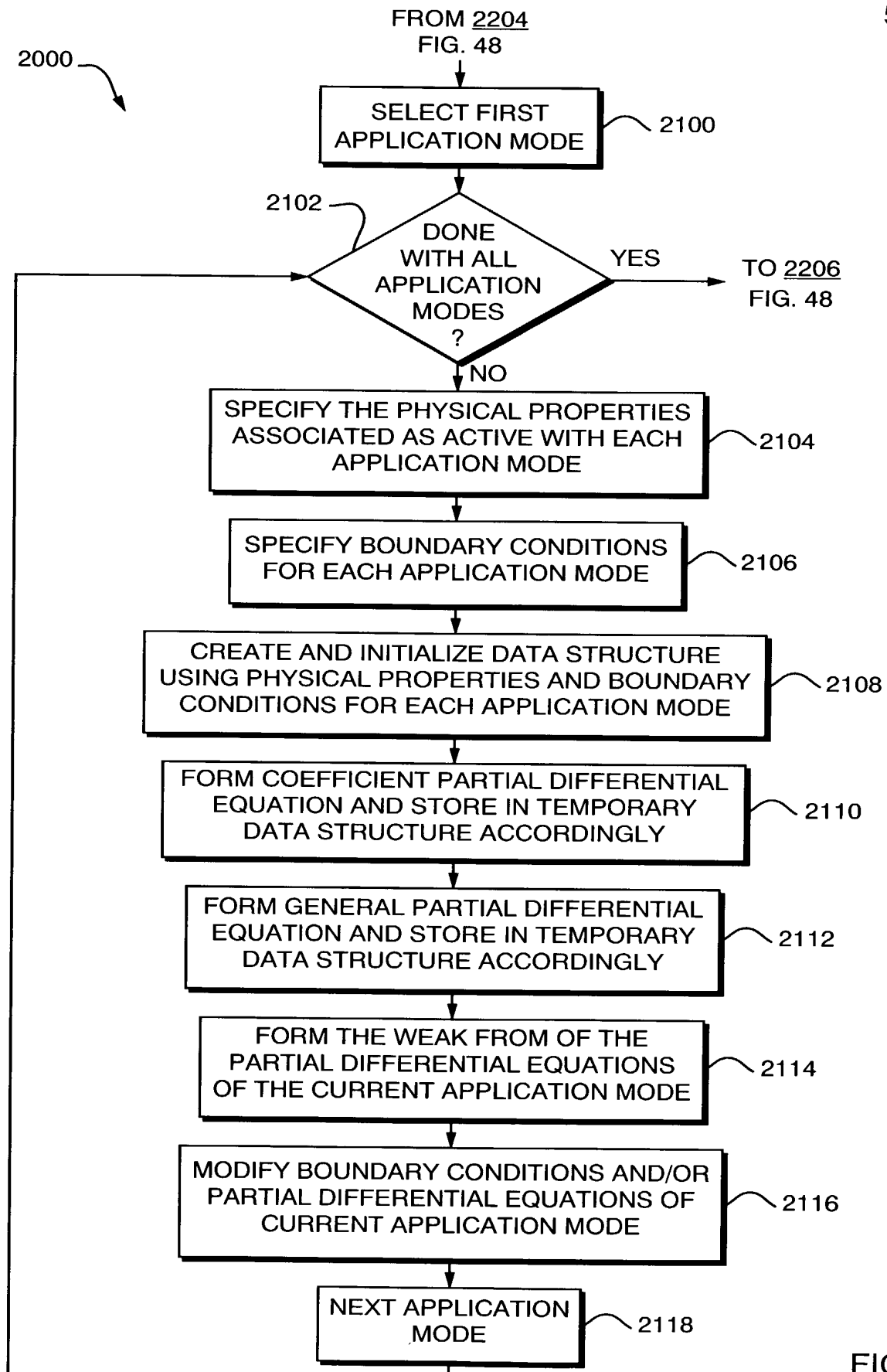


FIG. 49

52/86

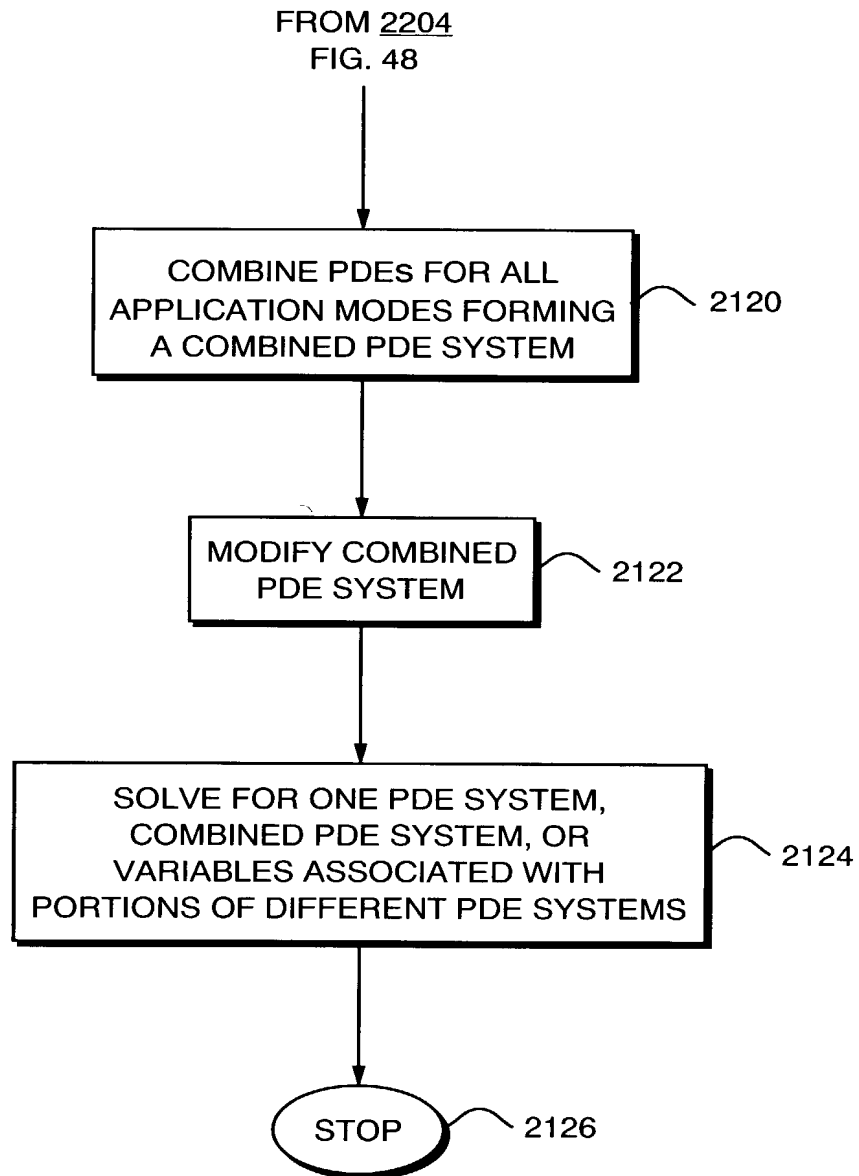


FIG. 50

53/86

2124

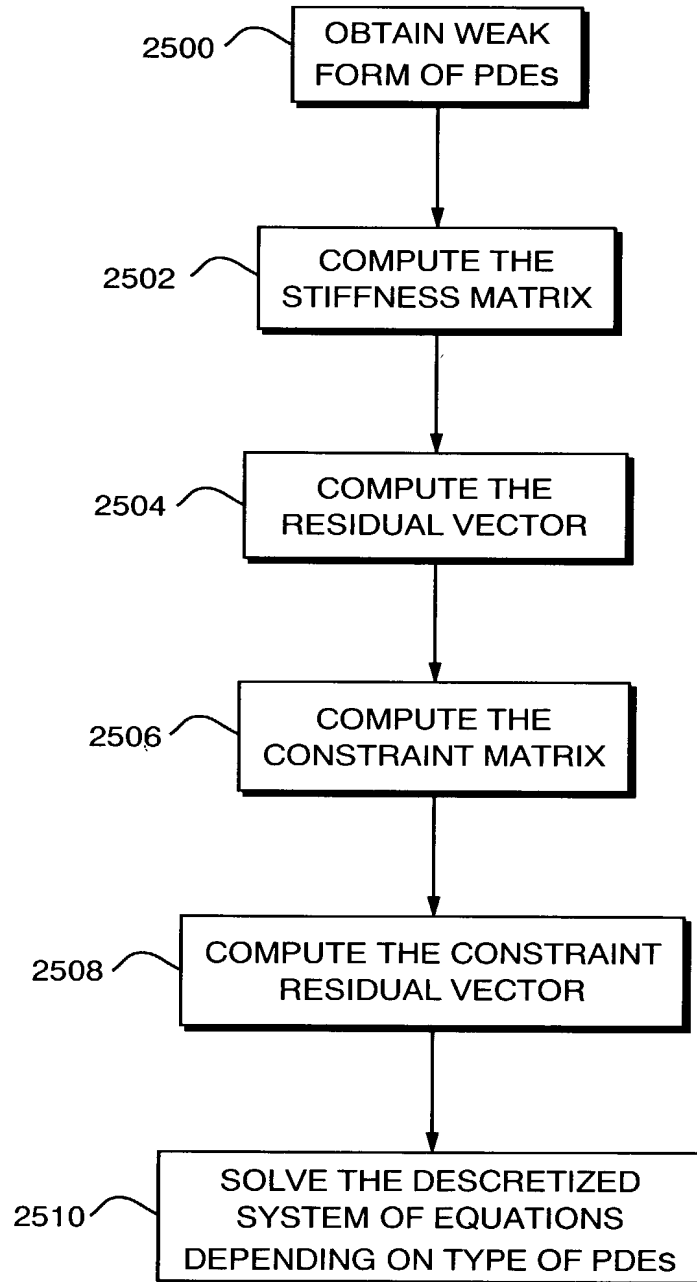


FIG. 51

54/86

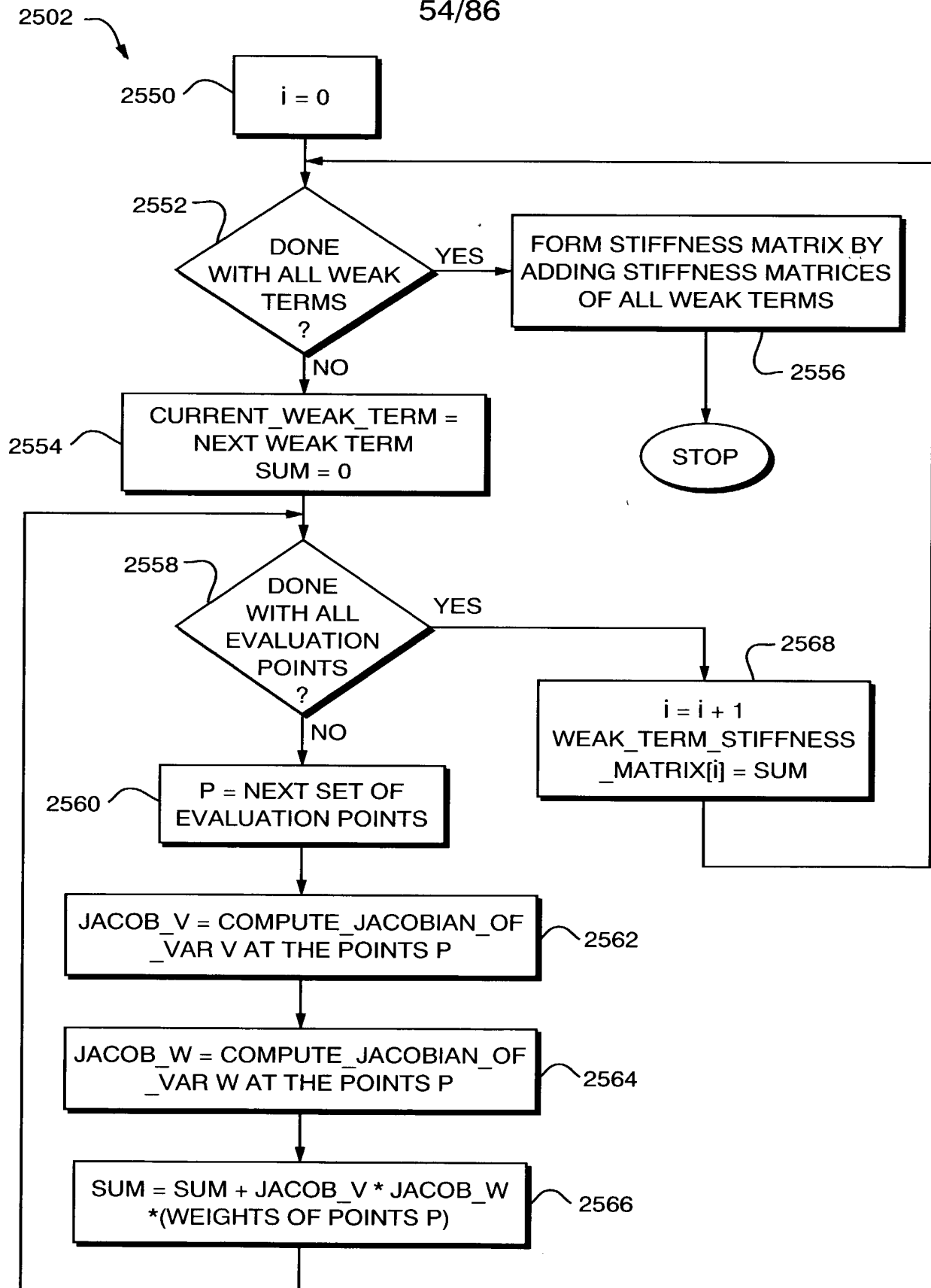


FIG. 52

55/86

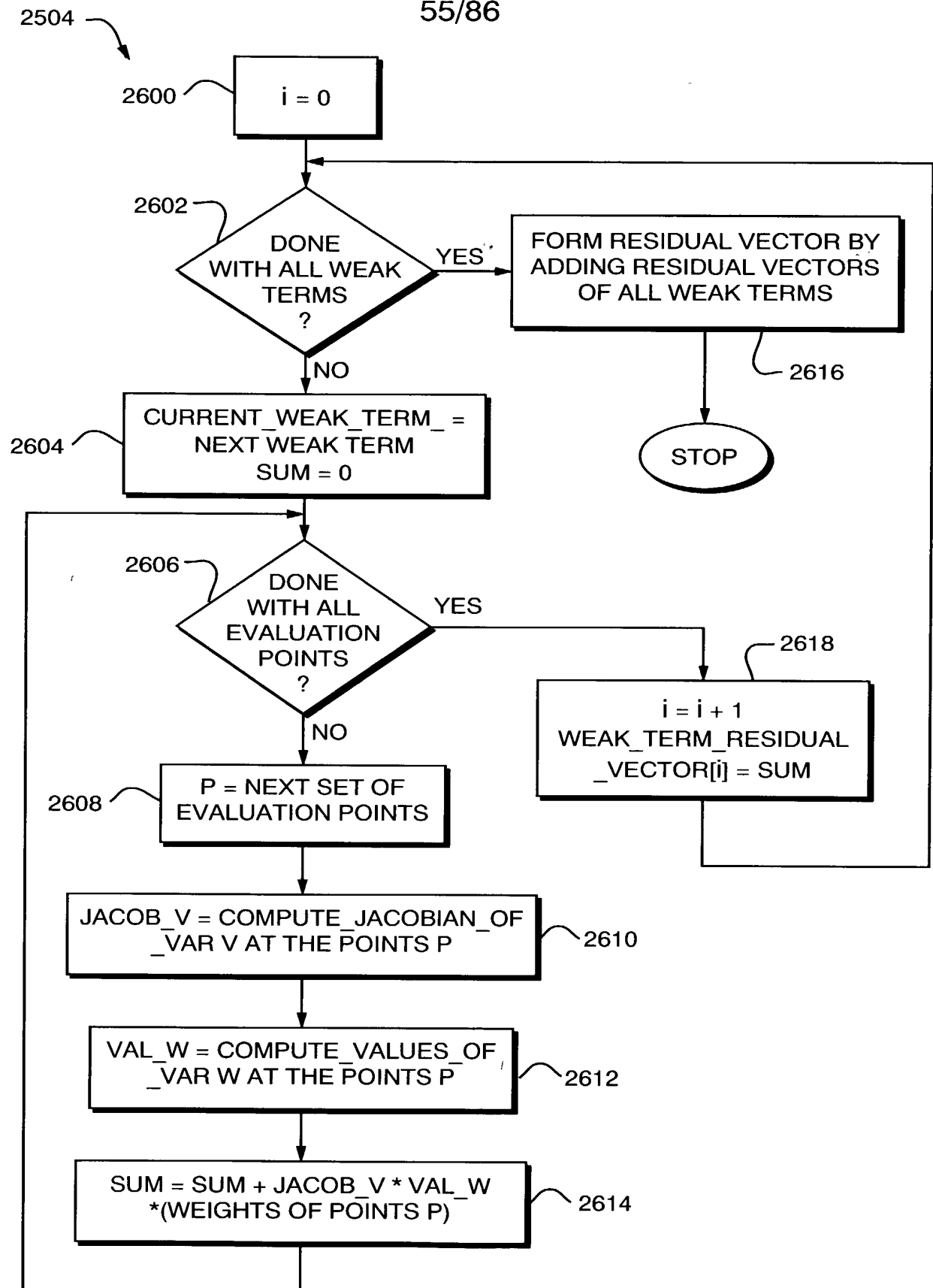


FIG. 53

56/86

2506

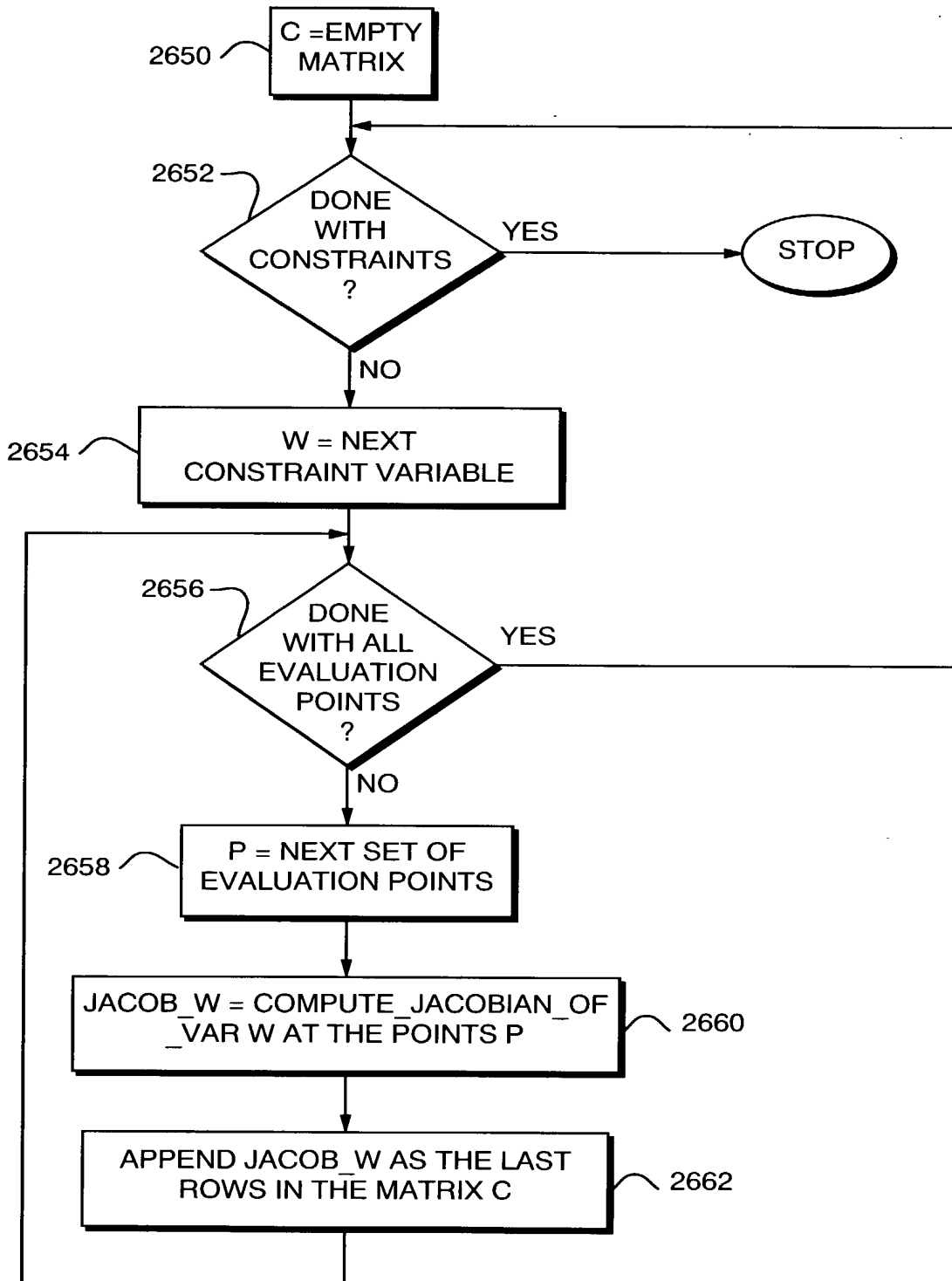


FIG. 54

57/86

2508

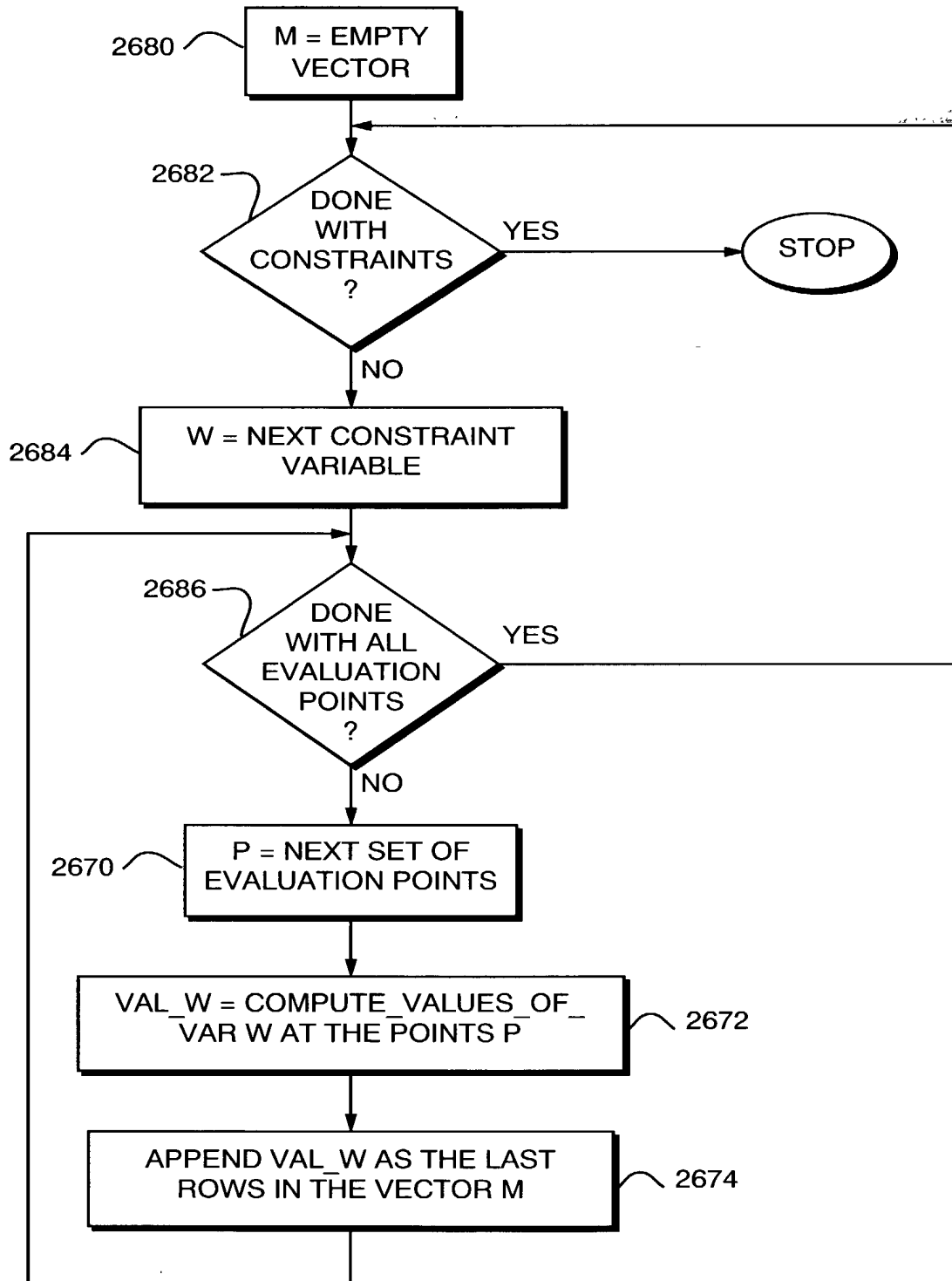


FIG. 55A

58/86

2700

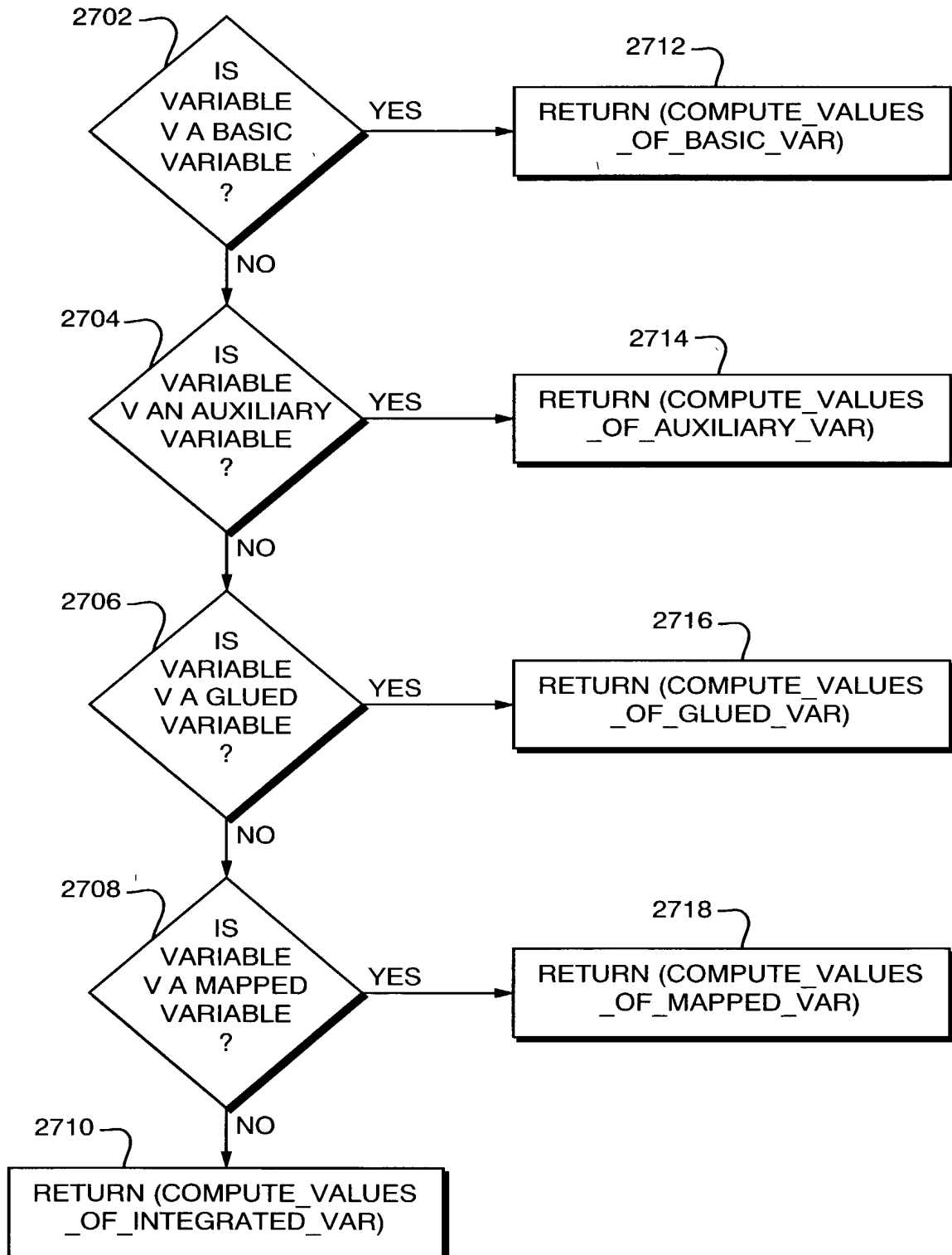


FIG. 55B

59/86

2720

RETURN THE SUMS $\sum U_i * F_i(p_j)$, WHERE THE SUM
IS TAKEN OVER ALL INDICES i OF THE DEGREES
OF FREEDOM, FOR p_j IN THE SET P

FIG. 55C

60/86

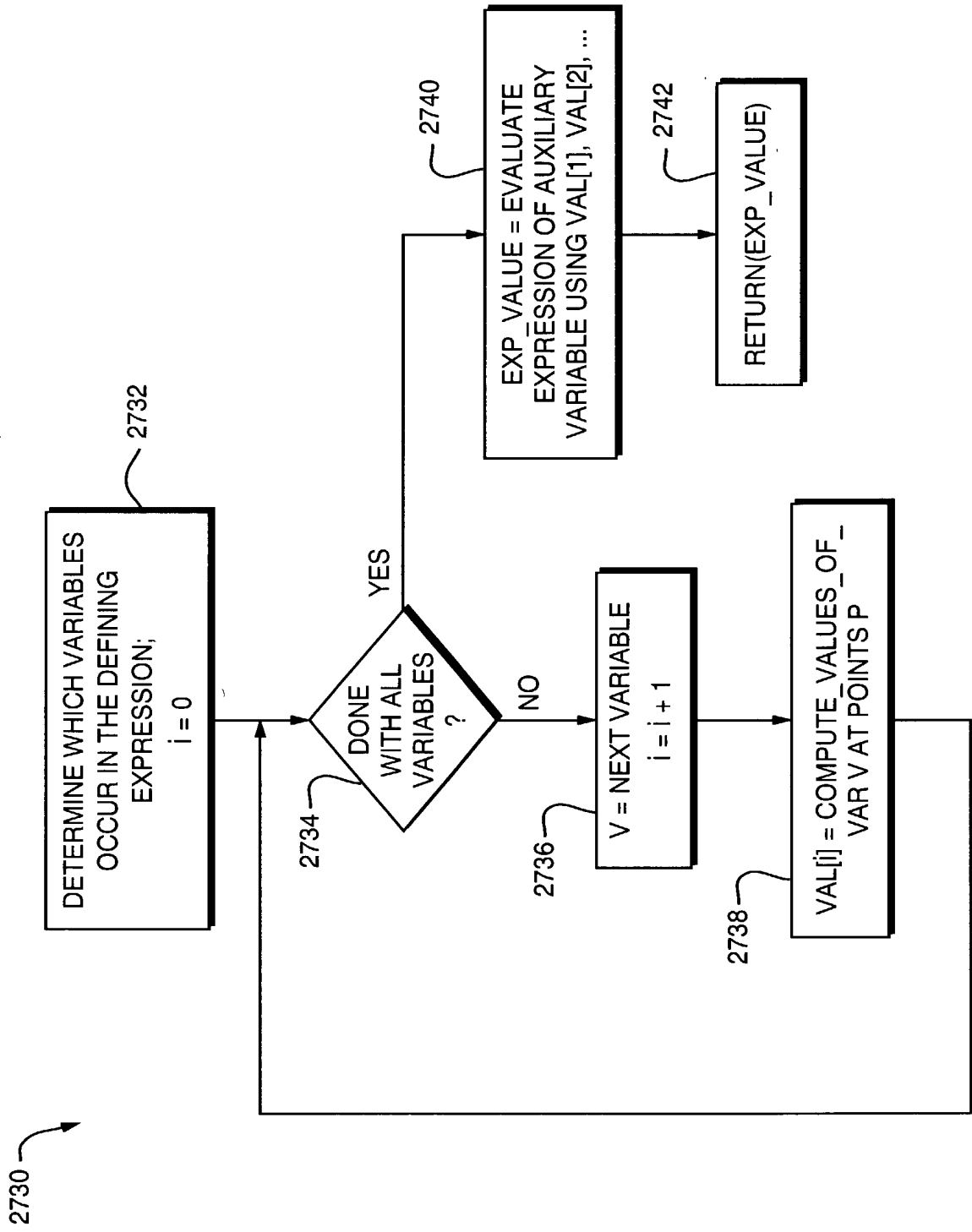


FIG. 55D

61/86

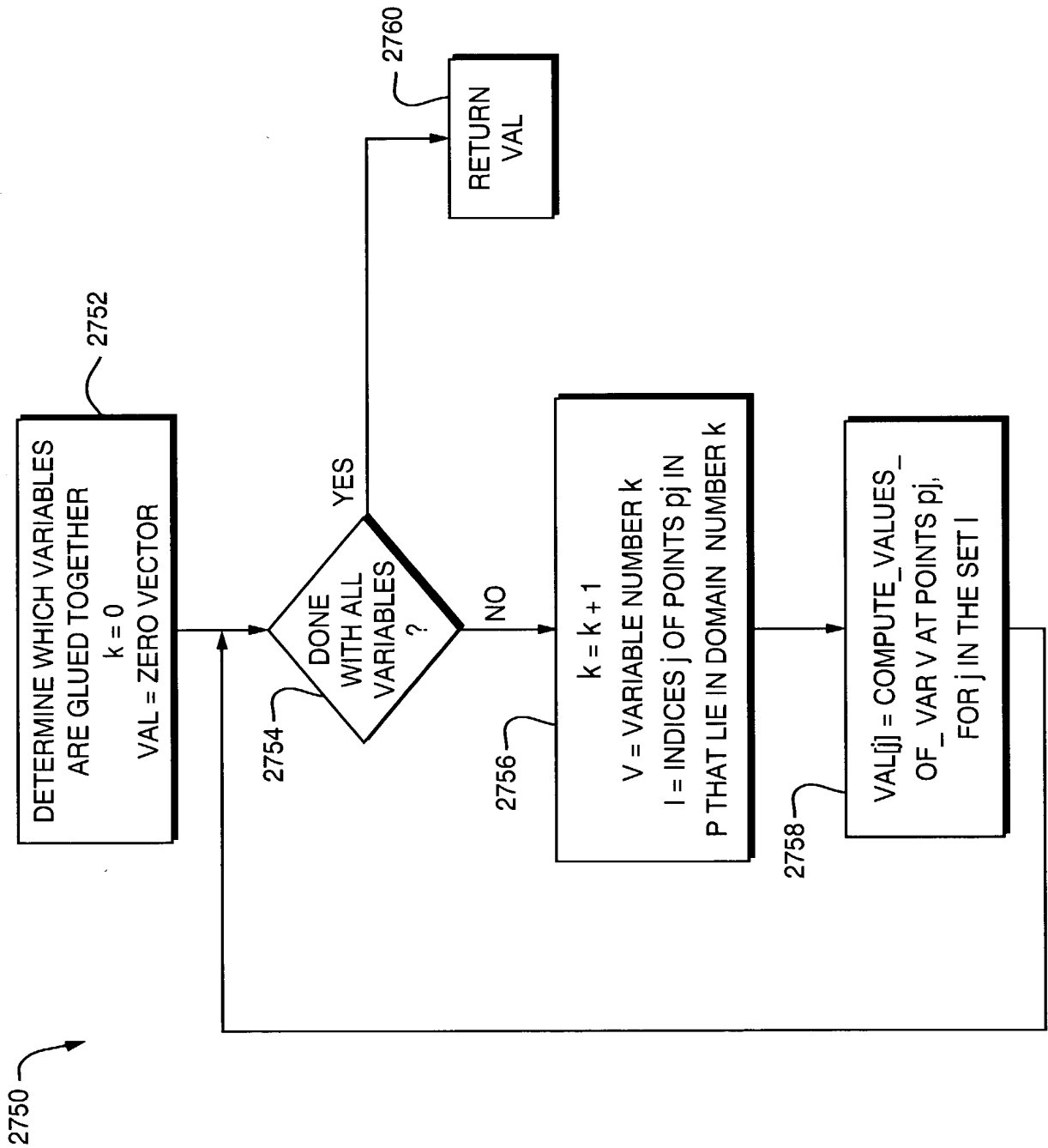


FIG. 55E

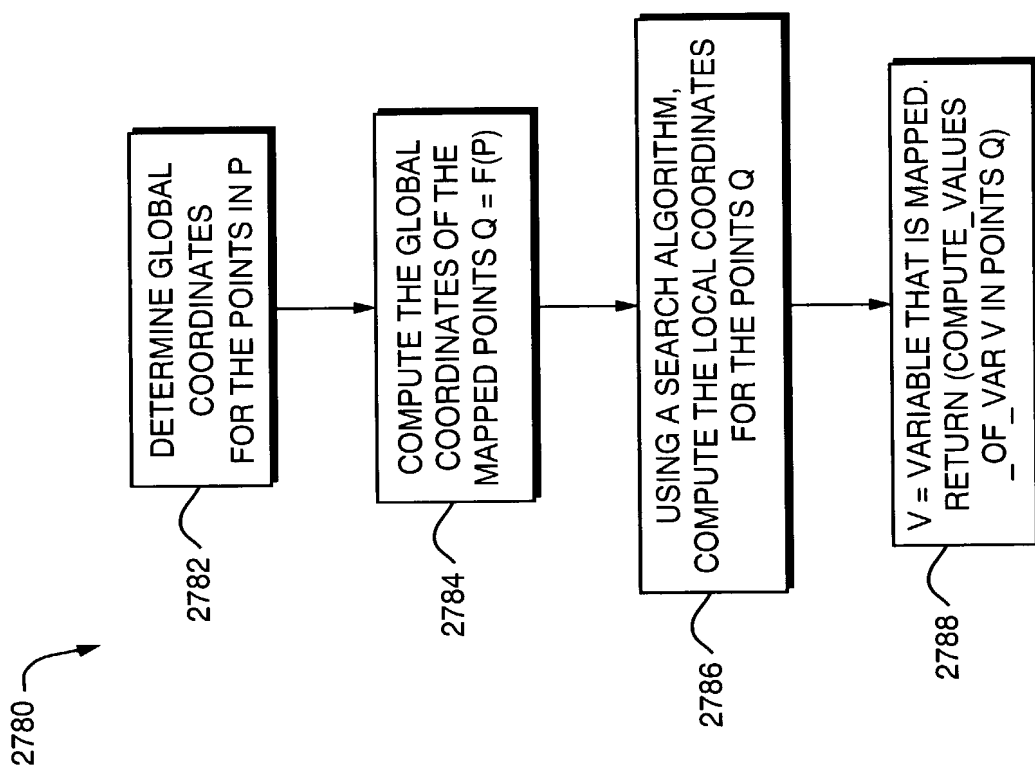


FIG. 55F

63/86

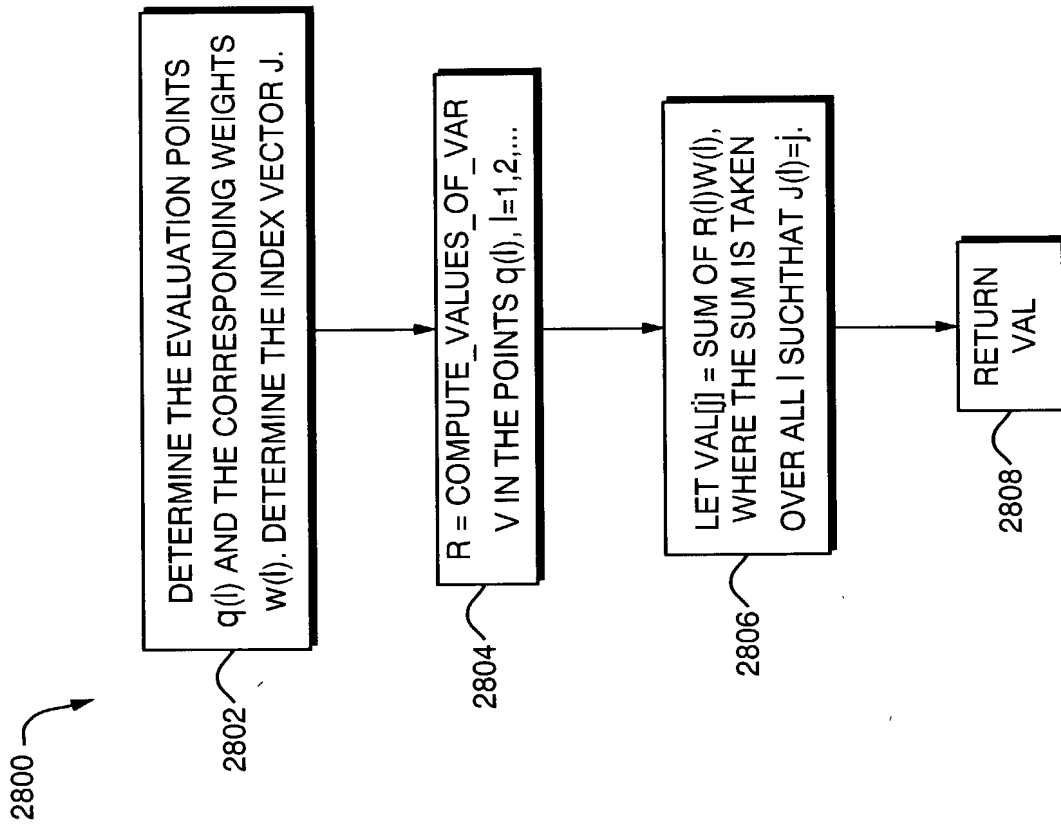


FIG. 55G

64/86

2820

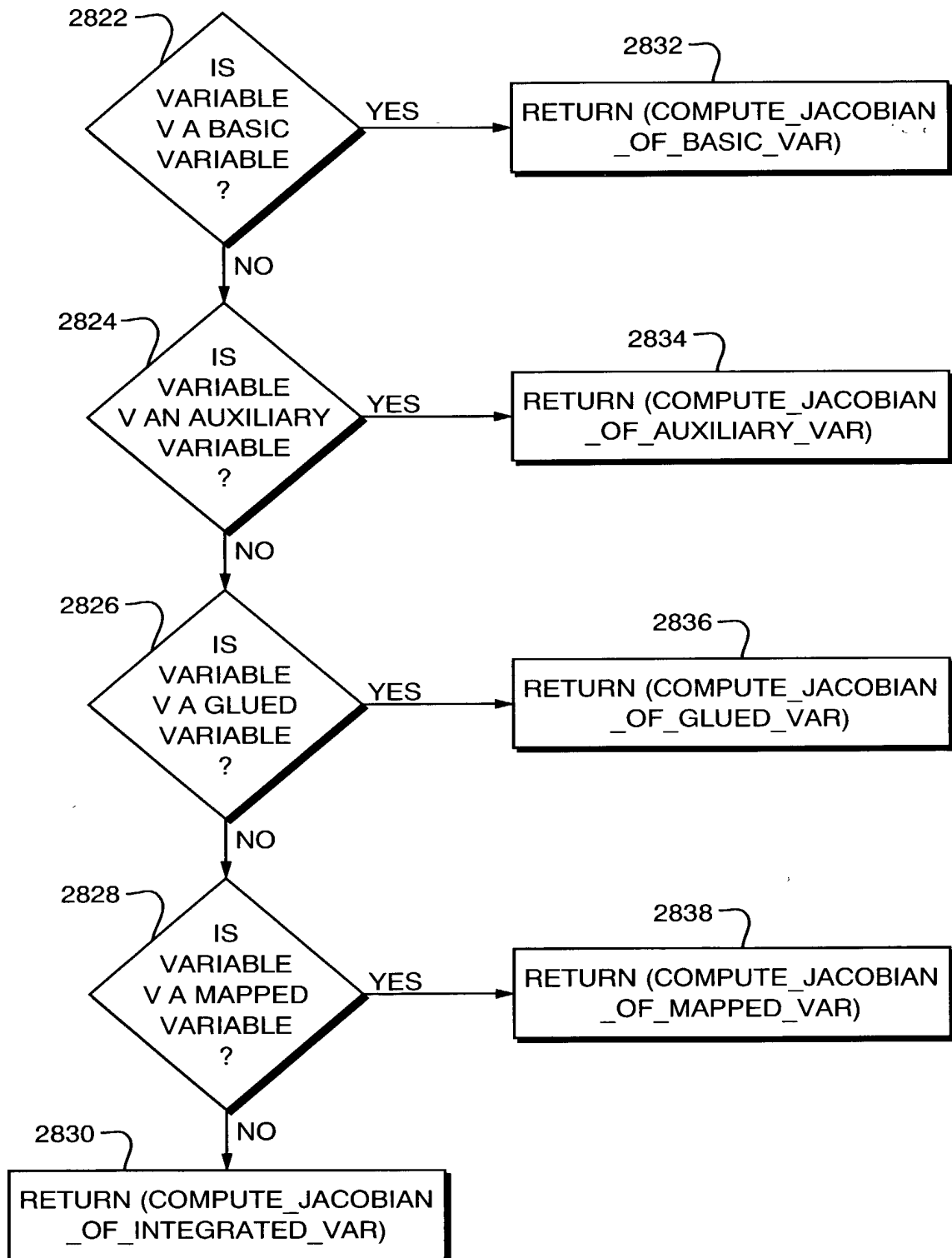


FIG. 55H

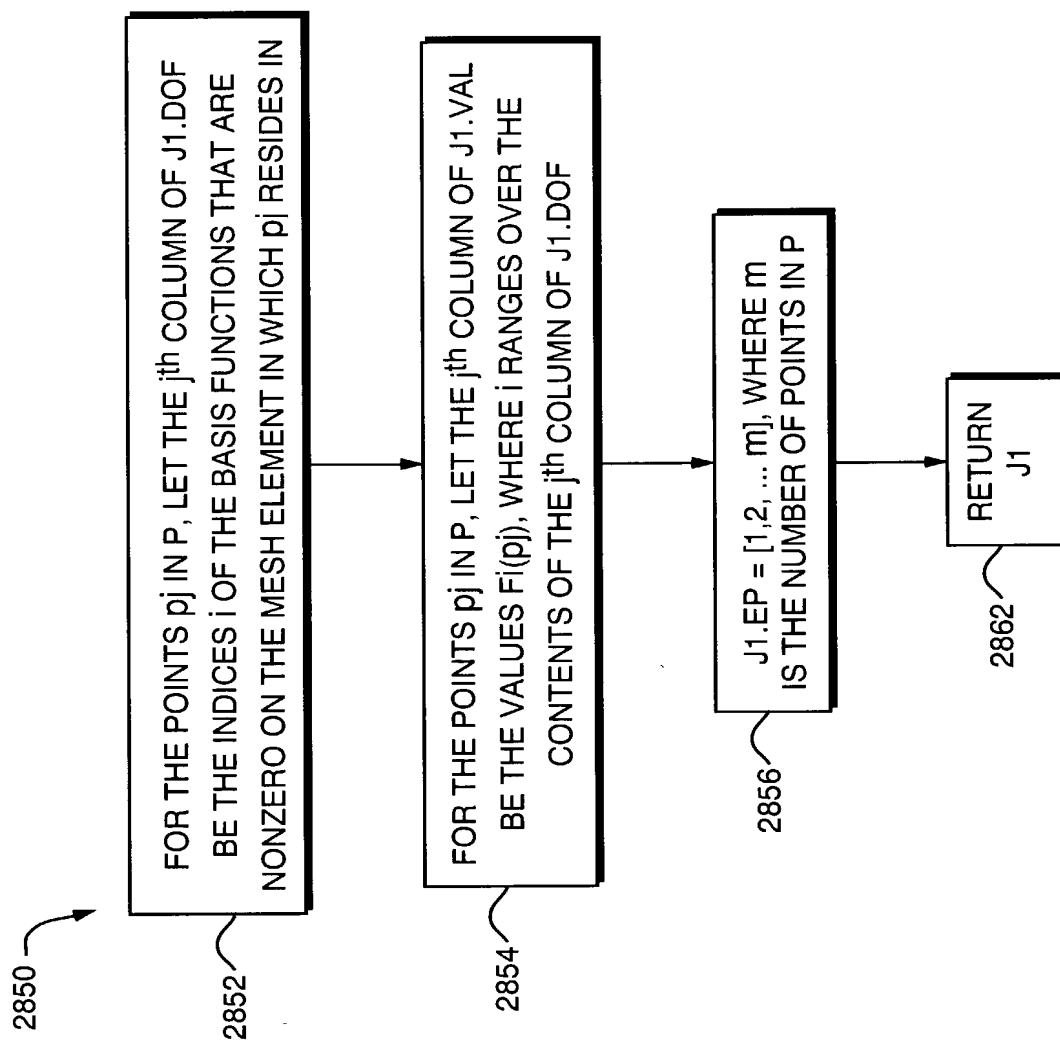


FIG. 55I

66/86

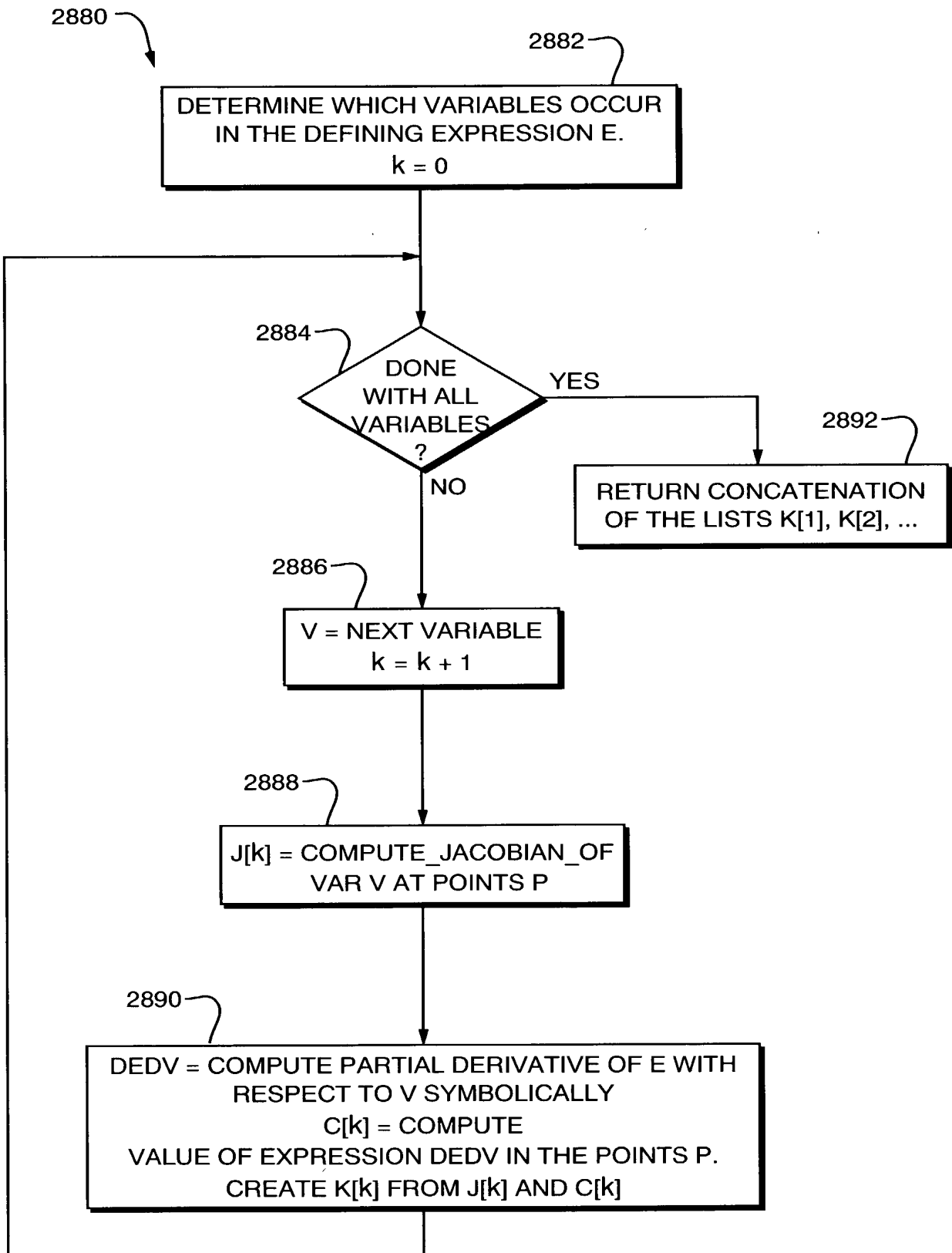


FIG. 55J

67/86

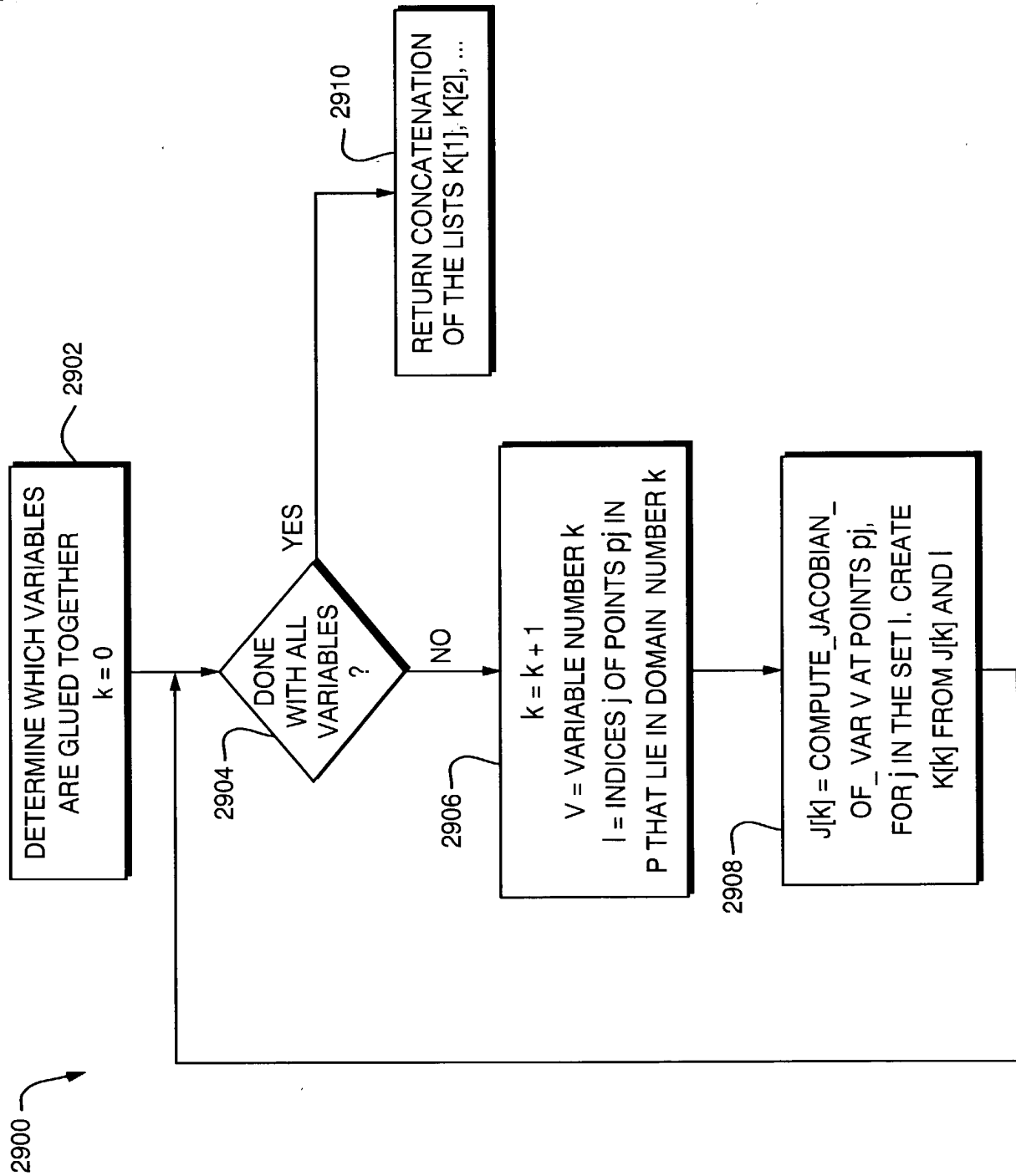


FIG. 55K

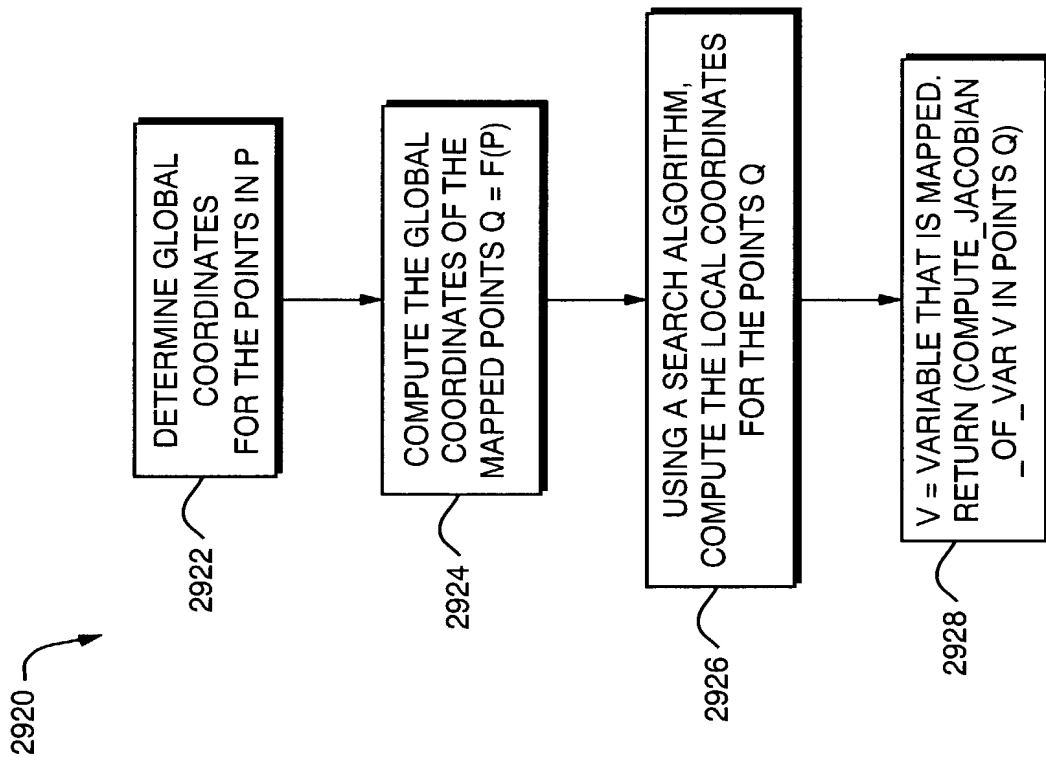


FIG. 55L

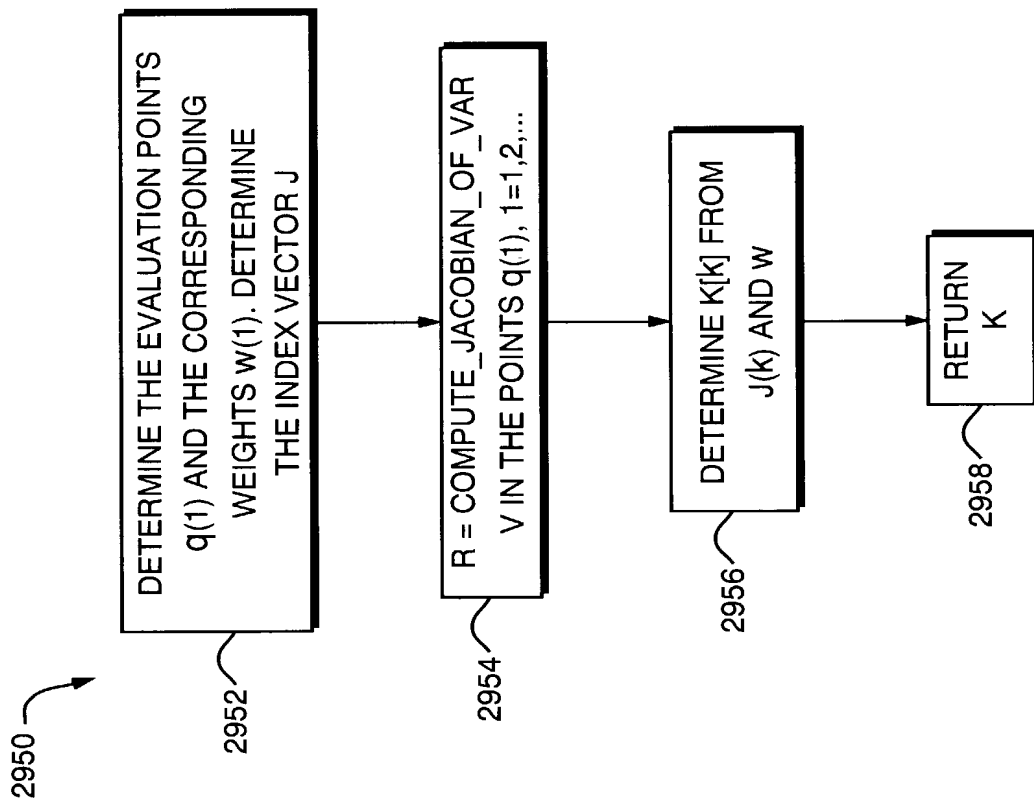


FIG. 55M

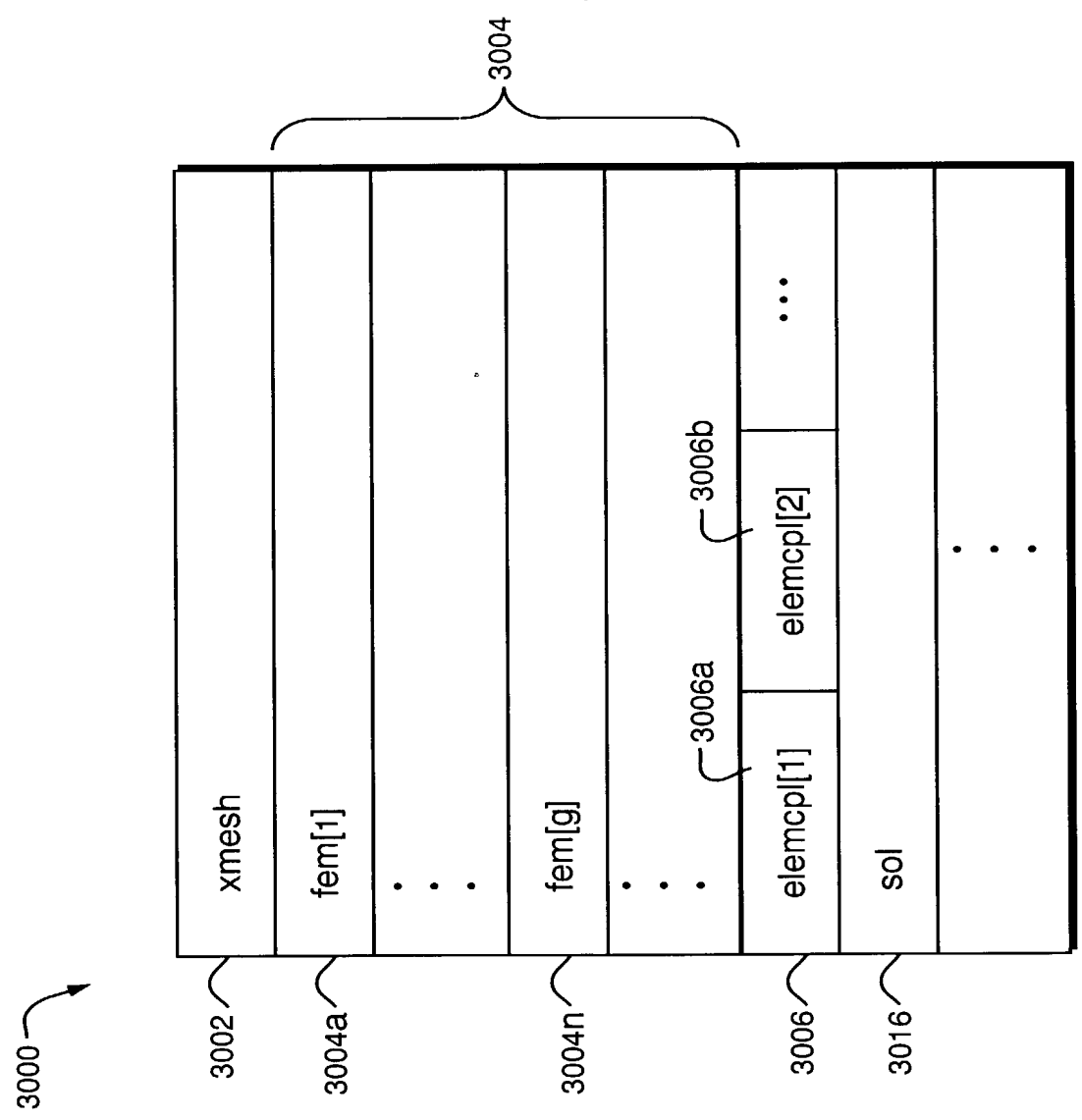


FIG. 56

3006a

3020	elem {elcplscalar, elcplextr, elcplproj}									
3022	src									
	g	equ		bnd		edg		pnt		meshp
		var	ind	var	ind	var	ind	var	ind	
3026	dst									
	g	equ		bnd		edg		pnt		ep
		var	ind	var	ind	var	ind	var	ind	
	.									
	.									
	.									

FIG. 57

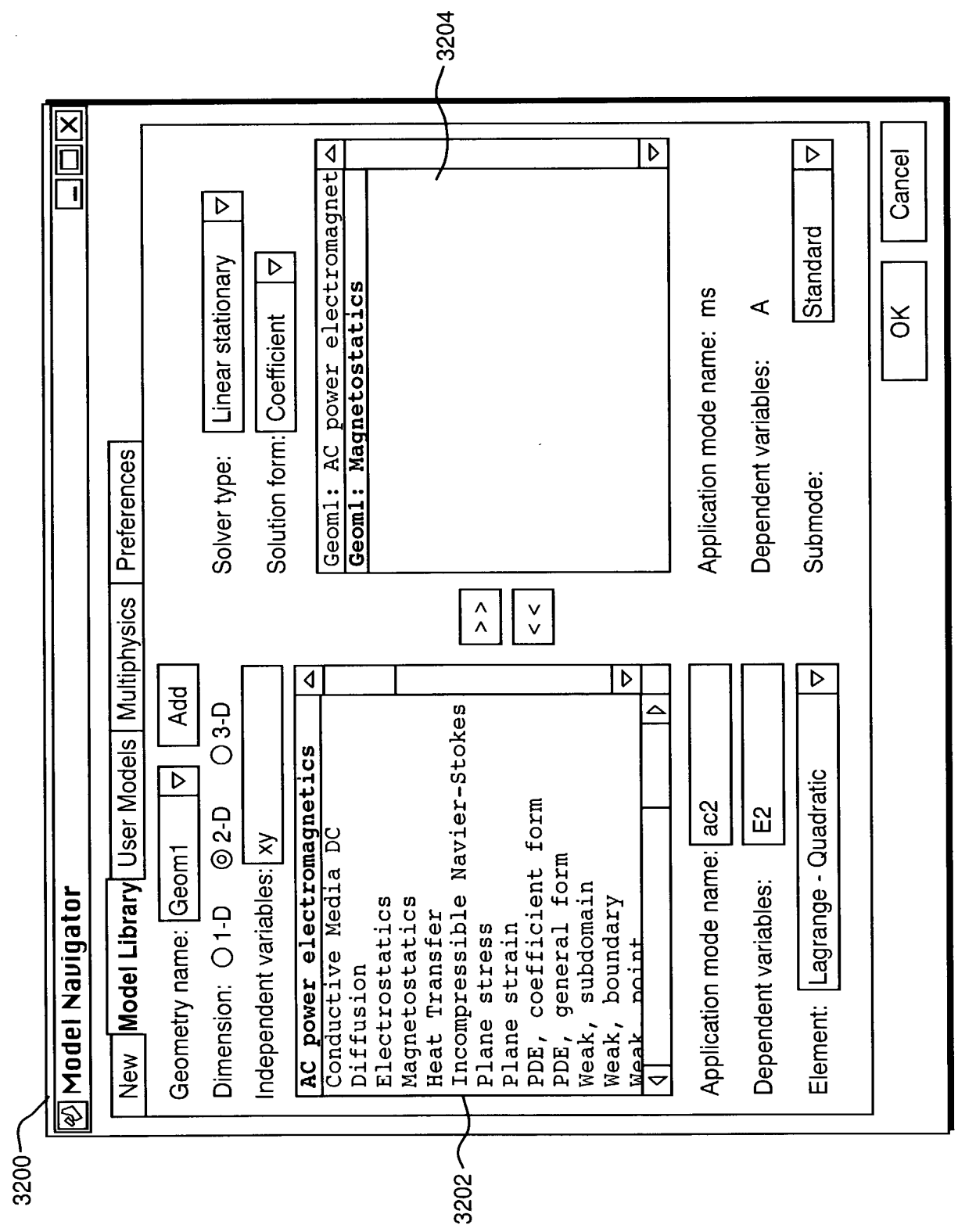


FIG. 58

File Menu

3250

<u>F</u> ile	<u>E</u> dit	<u>O</u> ptions	<u>D</u> raw	<u>P</u> oint	<u>B</u> oundary	<u>S</u> ubdomain	<u>M</u> esh	<u>S</u> olve	<u>P</u> ost
<u>N</u> ew...								<u>C</u> trl+N	
<u>O</u> pen									
<u>S</u> ave								<u>C</u> trl+S	
<u>S</u> ave <u>A</u> s									
<u>M</u> odel Properties...									
<u>S</u> ave Model Image									
<u>R</u> eset Model M-file...									
<u>I</u> mport from <u>W</u> orkspace									
<u>I</u> mport from <u>F</u> ile									
<u>I</u> nsert from <u>W</u> orkspace									
<u>I</u> nsert from <u>F</u> ile									
<u>I</u> mport Properties...									
<u>E</u> xport to Workspace									
<u>E</u> xport to File									
<u>E</u> xport FEM Structure as 'fem'								<u>C</u> trl+F	
<u>E</u> xport Simulink Model...									
<u>E</u> xport State-Space Model...									
<u>P</u> rint...									
1 C:\MATLA86p1\...\Physics\hydrogen_atom.mat									
2 C:\MATLA86p1\...\Multiphysics\micro_robot.mat									
3 C:\MATLA86p1\...\Equation_Based\eigenmodes_of_square.mat									
4 C:\MATLA86p1\...\Acoustics\humming_machinery.mat									
<u>E</u> xit								<u>C</u> trl+W	

FIG. 59

Options Menu

3260

<u>O</u> ptions	<u>D</u> raw	<u>P</u> oint	<u>E</u> dge	<u>B</u> oundary	<u>S</u> ub
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> <u>G</u> rid					<u>C</u> trl+G
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> <u>A</u> xis					
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> <u>A</u> xis <u>E</u> qual					
<u>A</u> xes/Grid Settings...					
Add/Edit Constants...					
Add/Edit Coupling Variables...					3262
Add/Edit Expressions...					3264
Add/Edit Material Parameters...					3265
Assigned Variable Names...					3268
Application Scalar Variables...					3270
Differentiation Rules...					
<u>L</u> abels					
<u>C</u> ustomize...					
<u>V</u> isualization/Selection Settings...					
<u>R</u> enderer					
<u>Z</u> oom <u>I</u> n					
<u>Z</u> oom <u>O</u> ut					
<u>Z</u> oom <u>W</u> indow					
<u>Z</u> oom <u>E</u> xtents					
<u>R</u> efresh					

FIG. 60

ADD/EDIT EXPRESSIONS... 3282 3284

3280

Expression Variable Settings

Variables

Definition

Name:	Type:	Defined in:
em s	subdomain	Geom1:sub
we	geometry	Geom2

Variable name: we

Variable type: geometry

Add

Delete

☒ On top

OK

Cancel

Apply

FIG. 61

ASSIGNED VARIABLE NAMES...

Assigned Variables

X

Fixed name:

rho

Description:

space charge density

Assigned name:

rho_es

Assigned name:

rho_es

OK

Cancel

Apply

Set


rho	space charge density	rho_es
Px	polarization vector	Px_es
Py	polarization vector	Py_es
P	polarization	P_es
Ex	electric field	Ex_es
Ey	electric field	Ey_es
E	electric field	E_es
Dx	electric displacement	Dx_es
Dy	electric displacement	Dy_es
D	electric displacement	D_es
nD	surface charge	nD_es

Assigned name rho:

rho_es

FIG. 62

APPLICATION SCALAR VARIABLES...

 Application Scalar Variables

Assigned name:

Description:

Value:

epsilon0_qvp	permittivity	8.85399999999992e-012
mu0_qvp	permeability	1.2566370614359173e-006
T_qvp	time constant	1.0000000000000001e-017
omega_ac	angular frequency	314.15926535897933

OK

Cancel

Apply

3292

FIG. 63

DIFFERENTIATION RULES...

3294

DIFFERENTIATION RULES

Function:

atanh

foo

bar

Derivative:

$1 / (1 - x.^2)$

$foo(x) / (1 + foo(x)). / x$

$3 * bar(x) . / x$

OK

Cancel

Apply

Set

Delete

Name:

Derivative:

$3'bar[x] ./ x$

FIG. 64

Point Menu

3310

<u>P</u> oint	<u>B</u> oundary	<u>S</u> ubdomain
<u>P</u> oint Mode		
Point <u>S</u> ettings...		
<u>V</u> iew as Point Coefficients		

FIG. 65

Edge Menu

3314

<u>E</u> dge	<u>B</u> oundary	<u>S</u> ubdomain
<u>E</u> dge Mode		
Edge <u>S</u> ettings...		
<u>V</u> iew as Edge Coefficients		

FIG. 67

1-D and 2-D

<u>B</u> oundary	<u>S</u> ubdomain	<u>M</u> esh	<u>S</u> olve	<u>P</u> ost
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> <u>B</u> oundary Mode				
Boundary <u>S</u> ettings...				
<u>E</u> nable Borders				
<u>V</u> iew as Boundary Coefficients				
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Show <u>D</u> irection Arrows				
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Generate Coupled Equation Variables				
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Generate Coupled Shape Variables				

3332

3332a

3332b

3-D

<u>B</u> oundary	<u>S</u> ubdomain	<u>M</u> esh	<u>S</u> olve	<u>P</u> ost
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> <u>B</u> oundary Mode				
Boundary <u>S</u> ettings...				
<u>E</u> nable Borders				
<u>V</u> iew as Boundary Coefficients				
Suppress Boundaries				
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Generate Coupled Equation Variables				
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Generate Coupled Shape Variables				

3334

FIG. 69

3312

The screenshot shows a software window titled "Point settings/Coefficient View". Inside, there's a tabbed interface with three tabs: "Init", "Element", and "Weak". The "Init" tab is selected.

Under the "Init" tab, there are two main sections:

- Domain selection:** A list box containing four items labeled 1, 2, 3, and 4. Item 1 is highlighted. To the right of the list box is a small upward-pointing triangle button.
- Name:** A text input field containing the number "1".

Below these sections, there's a checkbox labeled "Select by group" which is currently unchecked.

At the bottom of the dialog, there's a row of controls:

- A label "Initial value" followed by a checked checkbox and the word "Unlock".
- A section with three labels: "Variable" (with the symbol $\mu[t_0]$ below it), "Value" (with an empty text box below it), and "Description" (with the text "Initial value" below it).
- Four buttons at the very bottom: "On top" (which has a checkmark icon), "OK", "Cancel", and "Apply".

FIG. 66

Edge settings / Coefficient View

Init

Element

Weak

Domain selection

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

△

▽

Name:

1

☐ Select by group

Initial value

☒ Unlock

Variable

$\mu[t_0]$

Value

Description

Initial value

☒ On top

OK

Cancel

Apply

FIG. 68

3320

3340

Boundary Settings/c1

Equation: $n \cdot [c \nabla u + \alpha u \cdot \gamma] + q \cdot u = g \cdot h^T \mu \cdot h \cdot u = r$

Coefficients

Weak

Domain selection

1234

Δ

▽

Name: 1

☐ Select by group

☐ Enable borders

Weak complement ☒ Unlock

Term	Value	Description
weak	0	Weak term
dweak	0	Time-dep. weak term
constr	0	Constraint

☒ On top

OK

Cancel

Apply

FIG. 70

3344

Boundary Settings/c1

Equation: $n \cdot [c \nabla u + \alpha u \cdot \gamma] + q \cdot u = g \cdot h^T \mu \cdot h \cdot u = r$

Type

q

g

h

r

Weak

Domain selection

1

2

3

4

△

▽

Name: 1

☐ Select by group

☐ Enable borders

Boundary condition type ☒ Unlock

☐ Neumann boundary condition

☒ Dirichlet boundary condition

☒ On top

OK

Cancel

Apply

FIG. 71

3350

Subdomain Settings / c1

Equation: $\nabla [c \nabla u + \alpha u \cdot \gamma] + a \cdot u + \beta \cdot \nabla u = f$

Coefficients

Init

Element

Weak

Domain selection

1

2

△

▽

Name: 1

☐ Select by group

☒ Active in this domain

Weak complement ☒ Unlock

Term

Value

Description

weak

0

Weak term

dweak

0

Time-dep. weak term

constr

0

Constraint

☒ On top

OK

Cancel

Apply

FIG. 72

Solve Problem	Ctrl+E
Restart	Ctrl+T
Matrix M-file...	
Parameters...	

3372

3374

Solver Parameters

General	Adaption	Nonlinear	Timestepping	Eigenvalue	Iterative	Multigrid	Multiphysics
<div> <div> <div> <div> <div>Solver type</div> <div> <input checked="" type="radio"/> Stationary linear <input type="radio"/> Stationary nonlinear <input type="radio"/> Time dependent <input type="radio"/> Eigenvalue </div> </div> <div> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Print report </div> </div> <div> <div> <div>Solver options</div> <div> <input type="checkbox"/> Adaption <input type="checkbox"/> Multigrid solver <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Iterative solver </div> </div> <div> <input type="checkbox"/> Streamline diffusion <div>Scale factor <input type="text" value="1.0"/></div> </div> </div> <div> <div> <div>Solution form</div> <div> <div>Coefficient</div> <div> <div>Automatic differentiation</div> <div> <input type="checkbox"/> GA <input type="checkbox"/> F <input type="checkbox"/> Var <input type="checkbox"/> G <input type="checkbox"/> R <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Expr </div> </div> </div> <div> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Submode differentiation <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Simplify </div> </div> </div> </div> </div> <div> <div> <div>Advanced</div> <div> <div> <div>Constraint handling method:</div> <div>Elimination</div> </div> <div> <div>Jacobian:</div> <div>Fixed-position iteration</div> </div> <div> <div>Direct linear solver:</div> <div>Matlab</div> </div> </div> <div> <div> <div>Geometry shape order:</div> <div>Automatic</div> </div> <div> <div>Null space function:</div> <div>Orthonormal [thnulforth]</div> </div> <div> <div>Context:</div> <div>Local workspace</div> </div> </div> <div> <div>Assembly block size:</div> <div>5000</div> </div> </div> </div>							

Solve

OK

Cancel

Apply

3370

FIG. 73

Solver Parameters					
General	Adaption	Nonlinear	Timestepping	Eigenvalue	Iterative
Solve for variables <input type="checkbox"/> Show variables Geom1: 2 variable coefficient form PDE [c1] <div style="border: 1px solid black; height: 100px;"></div>			Update mechanism for initial value u <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px;"> <input type="button" value="Store Solution"/> <input type="checkbox"/> Store solution automatically Use solution number 1 </div>		
<input type="button" value="Solve"/> <input type="button" value="OK"/> <input type="button" value="Cancel"/> <input type="button" value="Apply"/>					

FIG. 74

